

THE WESTERN FARM LEADER

CO-OPERATION

PUBLIC AFFAIRS

SOCIAL PROGRESS

VOL. 1. No. 7

CALGARY, ALBERTA, AUGUST 21st, 1936

5c a copy; \$1 a year

LEGISLATION TO PROTECT FARM HOME URGENTLY NEEDED

MORE AGGRESSIVE SALES POLICY FOR FARM PRODUCTS

At Least 100,000 Cattle Should Go to Britain Each Year, States Minister

OTTAWA AGREEMENTS

Removal of Some Tariff Restrictions Makes Renewal More Acceptable to British

By WILFRID EGGLESTON
Special to *The Western Farm Leader*

OTTAWA, Aug. 19th.—The Minister of Agriculture, Hon. J. G. Gardiner, came back from the Old Country convinced that a more aggressive advertising and sales policy, and a more intimate study of the nature and circumstances of the British market would pay Canadian agriculture good dividends.

The Department of Agriculture has practically no staff over in the United Kingdom to assist in the sale of Canadian products, or in keeping producers on this side posted as to the changes in British requirements from time to time.

To Finance Sales Staff

A sum of \$300,000 was voted last session to be used to improve the sale of Canadian farm products in the British market, and this will be used to finance a small sales staff over in the Old Country, and to give greater prominence to Canadian products in the British market, if Mr. Gardiner's proposals are approved by the cabinet.

New Zealand and Australia are at present getting much more prominently before the British public than Canada is, Mr. Gardiner told the writer.

He sees no reason why at least 100,000 head of live cattle should not go every year from Canada to the United Kingdom. There is no tariff or other restriction. He learned a number of useful pointers about adapting shipments of cattle to the British need.

Mr. Gardiner recalled the fact that W. A. Wilson had been appointed by Dr. Motherwell to assist in livestock sales, but that he had been recalled several years ago. Later on he was restored, but to the Department of Trade and Commerce.

Chilled Beef Trade

Mr. Gardiner believed the chilled beef trade was worth more attention than it was getting at present. It was true that a trial shipment from Saskatoon several years ago had not yielded as well as comparative shipments of live cattle, but the conditions were not such as to afford a fair trial.

The Minister of Agriculture spent part of his first day at Ottawa gathering data on the serious fodder situation in the West.

Hon. Charles Dunning, Minister of Finance, had little to say to the

Must Be Guaranteed Sufficient in Money or Products to Meet Costs of Operations for Year and Family Needs

Crop failure over large areas of the Province makes the adoption of special measures at the session of the Legislature which opens on Tuesday next an urgent necessity.

Feed and seed relief, assistance in transport of cattle, provision of fuel and lubricating oil and of the necessities of life, must be provided, and existing legislation must be strengthened to enable farmer-debtors to remain on the land, retaining their farms and homes.

As an absolute minimum, legislation should be enacted to give every farmer the right to retain a sufficient amount either in money or marketable produce:

- (a) To provide all necessary food, clothing, medical and hospital services and other necessities of life for the next ensuing twelve months.
- (b) To meet costs of growing and harvesting the crop or preparing livestock for market.
- (c) To pay taxes.
- (d) To meet all costs of farming operations for the next ensuing twelve months.
- (e) All stock and machinery needed for operations.
- (f) Feed for livestock.

Such protection was given under the Agricultural Stabilization Act, repealed last session; and it should be immediately restored.

We do not care whether the restoration of this protection takes the form of re-enactment of the Agricultural Stabilization Act, or of amendments to existing acts, or of other legislation, provided the protection is given.

But this is the very least that should be done, and done at once.

It is necessary not only in the drought-affected districts, but in others where the pressure of creditors will be heavy, and where, after the long period of depression and mounting debt due to low prices of the depression years, the need for such protection remains.

press on his return, for the reason that he was engaged in preliminary discussions with the British Government leading up to a possible renewal of the Ottawa agreements. As the agreements involve possible change of tariffs, there will be a tendency on both sides to keep them secret until they are ready to be applied.

Canada has reason to be well satisfied with the concessions which were obtained in 1932 on many commodities, according to the official view here. It is true that the Liberals in opposition were against many features of the treaties, but now they are in effect, and having removed several objectionable angles, they are anxious to retain access to the free British market as before.

Some Objections Removed

There is reason to believe that the British Government was not satisfied with the Canadian implementation of some of its 1932 tariff promises, and felt in the early stages, at least, that Canada had secured much and was giving very little in return. The

(Continued on page 13)

DROUGHT PROBLEM IS CONCERN OF ALL ALBERTA PEOPLE

Every Producer of Province Interested in Rehabilitation of Dry Areas

SOLUTION POSSIBLE

Building Up of Community Life on Sound Basis Is Object of Report

By the EDITOR

Positive and speedy action looking to the rehabilitation of the drought afflicted areas is necessary not only for the benefit of the farm population in those areas, but in the interests of the Province as a whole.

To some the problem may appear sectional; but to regard it as such would, we think, be to take a short-sighted view, even from the purely financial standpoint. The losses due to drought conditions impose burdens on producers not only in the dry areas, but throughout Alberta.

Until the drought areas are rehabilitated, taxpayers everywhere must bear increased burdens; and, ultimately, the producers, wherever they may live, are the taxpayers.

If production fail in one part of the Province, the areas which are productive must carry the load.

Every Citizen Concerned

It was with these considerations in mind that in our issue of July 17th we stressed the need for all citizens (in the north as well as in the south) to study the comprehensive report on the rehabilitation of the dry areas based on information accumulated and compiled by Donald Cameron for Mr. Longman's committee. The problem, the report suggests, is happily capable of solution.

In our previous article we gave an outline of proposals for two forms of crop insurance which derive from the Agricultural Adjustment Act of the United States.

In this issue we wish to touch upon a few features of the main report on the dry areas. This brief survey, inadequate though it may be, (we stress again, as we did in our previous article, the desirability of a complete study of the report as a whole), will, we trust, assist our readers to an understanding of the grounds on which the committee's recommendations are based.

We must pass over the introductory section, in which the history of agricultural settlement in Western Canada is reviewed. The section is of very great importance, but too long even to be summarized here. It shows that the soundness of the findings of Captain Fallisier, based on a study of climatic and other conditions in Western Canada in the years 1857 to 1860, has been borne out substantially by

(Continued on page 5)

Fearful Airfleet to Give Aid to Rebels

In defiance of international law and usage, it is feared Italy may intervene openly on the side of the rebels in Spain unless France positively abstains from action which may encourage the Spanish Government. France has been refusing to export arms, but is sympathetic to the Popular Front Government. Italy's vast air fleet has been cleared for action at a moment's notice.

Meanwhile Italian and German aeroplanes are reported to be in extensive use by the rebels.

According to long recognized practice, any established and recognized Government is entitled to purchase war material from neutral powers, and any power which assists rebels commits an act of war against the country concerned.

As we go to press France, backed by Britain, is still seeking to win other powers to a policy which goes far beyond the ordinary rules of neutrality, by refusal to allow export of war supplies to either party in the civil war. Both France and Britain have banned such exports.

An act of open intervention by Mussolini would immediately endanger the peace of all Europe. It is reported that if France gives way to certain demands which he has made, he will not intervene.

The military situation in outward appearance has changed very little during the past two weeks. San Sebastian still remained in Government hands on Wednesday, and Fascist troops had been driven back from Irun in an important battle.

Alberta Legislation and the Alberta Farmer

By Hon. J. E. BROWNLEE, K. C., LL.D.

SEVENTH ARTICLE

The 1936 Crop and Creditors

By the time this issue of *The Western Farm Leader* is published, the majority of farmers throughout the Province will be in the midst of harvesting operations, and the annual problem will again arise—to what extent will the farmer be left free to garner his crop and apply the proceeds as he sees fit, and to what extent will he be under compulsion by his creditors.

It has been suggested that in view of the light crop conditions prevailing over a wide area, a synopsis of articles already written might be of interest to many. I will attempt to give this synopsis under several headings:

1. Farmers' Creditors Arrangement Act:

(a) Applications made but not yet heard by the Board of Review.

Some five or six hundred applications have been made throughout the Province that have not yet been heard by the Board of Review. Notices have been sent out by the Official

Receivers in many of these cases (possibly all) pointing out that the Act provides that the debtor's crop is deemed to be under the control of the Court and that no disposition should be made of the proceeds without first consulting the Official Receiver.

I strongly recommend that this warning be observed. The attitude of the Official Receivers will generally be found sympathetic and they can be depended upon to give sound advice, and to make reasonable allowances for living expenses and the cost of farm operation.

Remember the Board of Review is much more likely to give careful attention to the position of a debtor who has shown himself ready to deal fairly with his crop and observe this requirement of the Act.

(b) Debtors whose cases have been heard but who cannot comply with the directions of the Board by reason of crop failure.

Probably two or three hundred cases have been heard this past year and directions made by the Board which cannot possibly be observed or carried out by the debtor on account of crop

failure. The intent of the Act is to protect such cases but unfortunately the procedure is not simple.

Until such time as the Act is amended to give the Board power to review such cases, we can only suggest that if any creditor tries to set aside the Board findings, the debtor should at once consult a solicitor who will place his position before the Court, as the best opinion is that no creditor can take action without first going to the Court, after notice to the debtor, to have the Board's proposal set aside.

2. The Debt Adjustment Act:

It is rumored that the Government may amend this Act at the special session called for August 25th or may pass special legislation dealing with the whole question of debts. The following comment is therefore subject to such action.

(a) Debts incurred before July, 1932.

With respect to such debts, no action can be taken by any creditor without the consent of the Debt Adjustment Board. Seizures cannot be made therefore under any form of security unless such consent has first been obtained.

The most important advice is therefore:

Do not delay replying to the Board if any notice is received from the Board that a creditor has applied for permission to take action. Go to the Board at once and state your position frankly. The Board will be sympathetic but **delay is dangerous.**

(b) With respect to debts incurred after July 1932, the Debt Adjustment

Board has no power. But the Courts have full power to give extensions of time and no removal or sale can be made or carried out until an order of the Court has been obtained.

If a seizure is made or threatened try to make a satisfactory compromise with the creditor first and if this cannot be arranged either go before the Court yourself when the application for order for removal or sale is made or have a solicitor appear for you. The Courts are fully aware of conditions and will give a careful hearing.

3. Crop Payment Act:

If a lease has been given to a Mortgage Company and because of crop failure the debtor feels he cannot deliver a third share and have enough left to take care of farming costs and living expenses until the next crop is harvested, he should get in touch with the Debt Adjustment Board at once.

The Board has full power to order the delivery of less than a third share under such circumstances. Show the Board what your crop returns are and what your expenses will be. The Board will do the rest. In many parts of the Province the mortgage companies will be aware of conditions and it is hoped will not insist on the delivery of their share.

4. The Exemptions Act:

The following extracts from a pamphlet recently published by the Attorney-General's department may be of

(Continued on page 12)

The Purpose of Pool Elevators

While Alberta Pool Elevators is an efficient large scale business enterprise it is something more.

It is a creation of the agricultural co-operative movement, and as such is closely knit to the men and women on the land who believe in the principles of co-operation.

Agricultural co-operation has two sides which, balancing each other, give the movement strength. One side is the commercial and the other side is the social.

The commercial side is to be regarded as a means to the end of improving the living conditions of rural people. The social purpose is to raise the cultural standard of farm people and prepare them to assume their full share of responsibility in the country's life.

The major function of the Alberta Wheat Pool and its Pool elevators is to give support to the natural aspirations of Alberta farm people for more secure, comfortable and happier farm homes.

Every Pool elevator may be said to be a sentinel guarding the marketing interests of the grain producers in that locality. It also serves as a link connecting all parts of a great democratic movement, working on behalf of the men and women engaged in Canada's basic industry.

Every grain grower can aid himself and the entire agricultural industry by hauling his grain to a Pool elevator.

By so doing, a useful and serviceable farmer-owned organization is strengthened; the non-profit co-operative movement is advanced; and a greater degree of unity is attained among the grain growing farmers.

Deliver your grain to

ALBERTA POOL ELEVATORS

IMMENSE GROWTH OF GAS AND OIL CO-OPS IS SHOWN

Growth from Nothing to \$40,000,000
Industry Is Celebrated by
Minnesota Co-operatives

15TH ANNIVERSARY

Emissaries From Canada to
Puerto Rico Observe Inter-
national Co-operative Day

(Co-operative League News Service)

GLENWOOD, Minn., Aug. 19th.—Five thousand members of co-operatives in Central and Southern Minnesota, representatives of co-operative associations from every part of the United States and emissaries from Canadian and Puerto Rican "co-ops" gathered on the shore of Lake Minnawaska recently for the 15th Anniversary of the Cottonwood Co-operative and the national celebration of International Co-operative Day.

Festooned "co-op" oil trucks which last year delivered more gas and oil than any private profit company in rural Minnesota led a gigantic co-operative parade. Members of the original board of directors of the first American gas and oil co-op, opened in Cottonwood, Minnesota, fifteen years ago, described scenes from its early history. Other speakers told how, spreading fan-like from Cottonwood, 2000 retail gas and oil co-ops have created a \$40,000,000 co-operative industry.

Leaders of co-operative organizations throughout the country rededicated the movement to "economic emancipation" and quoted the International "Declaration of Co-operation" as the basis for the extension of democratic principles into business and industry.

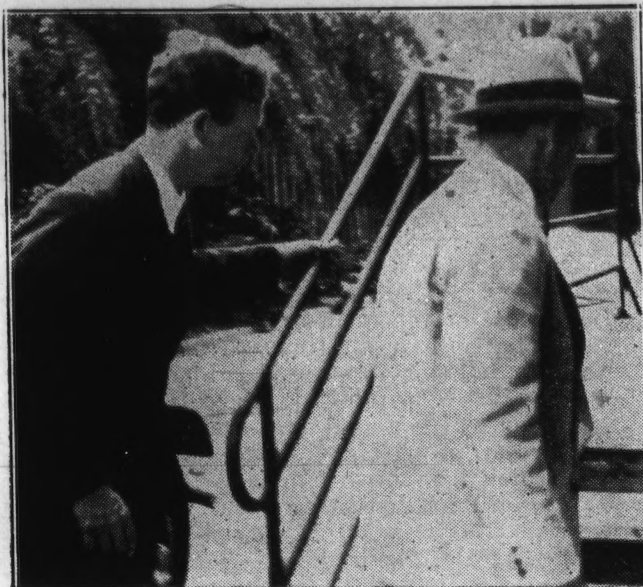
Peaceful "League of Peoples"

Dr. J. P. Warbasse, President of the Co-operative League of the U.S.A., summarized the history of the International Co-operative Alliance and the aims and purposes of the International Co-operative Movement whose members in 43 countries have become a peaceful "League of Peoples." Describing co-operative developments in the United States were I. H. Hull, President of National Co-operatives, Inc., Joseph Gilbert, Editor of the *Midland Co-operator*, James R. Moore, Ohio Farm Bureau Co-operative Association, and E. G. Cort, Manager, Midland Co-operative Wholesale.

Significant events in the history of the co-operative movement, including the founding of the Rochdale Society and the Cottonwood Oil Co-operative were dramatized, with the aid of a loud speaker system for the thousands who had gathered for the celebration.

Preceding the celebration, the boards of directors of the Co-operative League of the U.S.A. and National Co-operatives, Inc., and the Educational Committee of the League spent several days whipping into shape plans for further expansion of the Consumers' Co-operative Movement in the U.S. Outstanding was the decision of National Co-operatives (purchasing federation of 11 co-operative wholesale associations) to set up a central office in Chicago with a manager in charge of the combined purchasing of the co-operatives. The Co-operative League board moved toward unification of the co-operative movement in America by the adoption of resolutions advocating changes in the Constitution of the Co-operative League which will meet existing problems and relations, and approving the recommendation of the co-ordinating committee that a permanent Joint Committee of seven members be created to coordinate activities of the Co-operative League and National Co-operatives, Inc. The League board made extensive plans for the Tenth Biennial Congress of the Co-

Lindbergh Turns Savant



Colonel Charles A. Lindbergh, accompanied and preceded by his host, Captain Dam, was photographed as he entered the Carlsberg Institute of Biology, while he was preparing to make his debut as a savant in Copenhagen before the International Congress of Experimental Cythology. Colonel Lindbergh enjoyed his big day, when, with Dr. Alexis Carrell, Nobel prize biologist, he displayed his mechanical or "robot heart" to the congress. The "robot" heart can maintain blood circulation when the natural heart has ceased to beat.



You'll Luff to Puff

And every puff is a pleasure, from the cigarette that's rolled with Ogden's Fine Cut. It's the better fine cut—the one wise roll-your-owners are breezing back to, now that better times are here.

It's always fair weather with Ogden's—particularly if you use "Vogue" or "Chantecler" papers.

And, too, the purple easy-opening ribbon puts the Ogden's package in a class by itself for convenience.

OGDEN'S FINE CUT

P.S.—Your Pipe Knows Ogden's Cut Plug.

British Co-operatives Paid \$120,000,000 on Last Year's Business

Hon. A. V. Alexander Tells New York Gathering of Progress of
Consumer Co-operatives in Britain — Total
Year's Business \$1,101,000,000

NEW YORK CITY, Aug. 19th.—"England's widely heralded economic recovery has been due to social security legislation passed twenty-five years ago and the increase of purchasing power made possible by the expansion of consumers' co-operatives which have become Britain's biggest business," declared Hon. A. V. Alexander, Member of Parliament, in an interview at the Commodore Hotel.

"British co-operatives, which last year did a total business of \$1,101,000,000, not only provided lower prices to its 7,500,000 member-owners, but also paid back to its members more than \$120,000,000 in savings."

"In the city of Sheffield, which I represent in Parliament," said Mr. Alexander, "the National Government paid out \$6,250,000 to the municipal government in one year for unemployment relief. In the same year the local co-operative societies paid out to their members the same amount, \$6,250,000. Had it not been for the co-operatives the amount borrowed by the municipality would have been doubled."

Employees' Conditions

Sir Fred Hayward, President of the Co-operative Union of Great Britain, who with Mr. Alexander will represent Great Britain at the Institute of Pacific Relations Conference at Yosemite Park, pointed out that the savings made to British consumers

operative League which will be held at Columbus, Ohio, October 8th, 9th, and 10th.

Midland Co-operative Wholesale, the first co-operative gas and oil wholesale in the United States, acted as host to members of the co-operatives throughout the country at the Glenwood celebration.

were not made at the expense of employees of the co-operatives.

"Wages of co-operative employees are from ten shillings to two pounds a week higher than those paid employees in the private distributive trade. Hours of work in the co-operatives average from 46 to 47 a week as compared to a 52 to 60 hour week in private profit industry. Two weeks with pay is the universal holiday in the co-operative movement. The coal mine owned by the Co-operative Wholesale Society is the only mine in Great Britain that gives its employees holidays with pay."

"At least 95 per cent of the co-operative workers are members of trade unions, while less than 5 per cent of the employees of private profit distributors are members of unions."

Bulwark Against Fascism

Referring to the threat of Fascism in Europe, Mr. Alexander said "The existence of great democratic organizations such as the Co-operative Movement is the greatest preventive of dictatorship and is effective because it acts as a bulwark against the rise of Fascism rather than as a punitive instrument to be used after dictatorship has come into power."

Paul Mallon, Washington columnist, declared in a syndicated article two weeks ago that co-ops in England have "flopped." In direct contradiction, Mr. A. V. Alexander pointed out that the increase in co-operative membership from 4,000,000 in 1919 to 7,500,000 in 1935, is definite indication of its success. Co-operative business, measured in terms of similar price levels, has more than doubled since 1919.

Mr. Alexander is a member of the Co-operative Party, which is allied with the Labor Party, and he was Cabinet Minister in the first British Labor Government.

Ask Apology Be Made to Spanish Government

H. G. Wells and Other Famous
British Personalities Make
Protest

Including H. G. Wells, Sir Stafford Cripps, Lord Allen of Hurtwood, Viscount Hastings, G. D. H. Cole, and other well-known British personalities among its signatories, a protest to the British Government against the recent refusal of Gibraltar authorities to permit Spanish Government warships to refuel at Gibraltar has been addressed to the British Government.

The National Government is charged with having committed an indefensible breach of international law by reason of this refusal, and is asked to make appropriate apologies to the Spanish authorities. It has always been customary to allow recognized Governments such privileges as refuelling.

Among other signatories of the protest are J. A. Hobson, economist and author, J. F. Horrabin, Winifred Horrabin, A. Susan Lawrence, Richard Acland, D. N. Pritt, K.C., W. H. Thompson, Leah Manning, Gerald Gould and David Low, the famous cartoonist.

It is stated that the Spanish warships were left free to get oil from private firms, if they could, but were denied the right to obtain it from the British naval supplies.

ARE YOU A CO-OPERATOR?

Then write for a copy of our CO-OPERATIVE MAIL ORDER CATALOGUE which we will send to any address where there is not a Co-operative Store.

KILLAM DISTRICT CO-OPERATIVE
ASSN. LTD.
KILLAM, ALTA.

WHEN IN CALGARY
STAY AT THE
HOTEL YORK
FREE BUS MEETS
ALL TRAINS

THE WESTERN FARM LEADER

Published First and Third Fridays in the interest
of the Organized Farm Movement

SUBSCRIPTIONS

One Year.....\$1.00
Single Copies.....5c

Editor
W. NORMAN SMITH

Renfrew Building,
Calgary, Alberta

ADVERTISING

Display.....12c per agate line
\$1.68 per inch

Classified.....3c per word

Advertising Manager
A. M. TURNER

VOL. 1.

CALGARY, AUGUST 21st, 1936

No. 7

DECISION IS OVERDUE

Many weeks have passed since farmers' primary and co-operative organizations urged the Dominion and Provincial Governments to declare their policies upon the subject of relief for the drought stricken areas.

The declarations are still delayed. Conference succeeds Conference, but as yet nothing definite has emerged. The latest conference is taking place at Ottawa this week.

A clear declaration of policy is overdue.

* * *

The situation for livestock producers is especially grave. The continued depression and continued losses from drought have eaten into the industry until nothing but an empty shell remains. Only early and positive action by the responsible Governments can save it from collapse.

* * *

REPORT SHOULD BRING ACTION

It is commonly the fate of blue books and government reports to be pigeon-holed.

Experts are appointed to make research into this question or that; the results of years of research are condensed into a document; and the result is published. Features of the report "make the headlines" in the papers, perhaps, on the day when it is published. And then all and sundry proceed as though they had done their duty in the matter.

It would be a tragedy for Alberta if the valuable material accumulated by Donald Cameron for the committee presided over by O. S. Longman, Field Crops Commissioner, should meet with such a fate. We do not believe it will; but we do wish to stress the necessity for action to be taken without delay.

The appointment of the committee by the former Minister of Agriculture, Hon. F. S. Grisdale, followed an inquiry conducted by the Agricultural Committee of the Legislature in the session of 1935. The inquiry was in fact one of the major features of the session, though it did not receive the publicity it deserved. It was carried out with much earnestness and such thoroughness as the time-table permitted.

* * *

Recently the report was issued under the authority of the present Minister of Agriculture, Hon. W. N. Chant; and it is now available for general study.

We believe that study of the report should not be confined to officials, but should be taken up by farmers' locals and other groups throughout the Province. It must form the basis for action, and the form of action taken is more likely to be sound and well-advised if the people most concerned first make themselves familiar with the recommendations, than if the working out of policy is left entirely to governments and legislatures.

* * *

A REQUEST

An effort is made in *The Western Farm Leader* to cover all conventions held by the farm people. Unfortunately in a few instances reports have not been sent in to this office, and we have therefore lacked the opportunity to provide for our readers information they are anxious to have. We received a letter the other day in which reference was made to an important and most successful convention held near Edmonton of which no notice had been received here.

May we request officers of all organizations concerned to arrange to have sent in for publication reports of this nature. If we are in the first place advised as soon as any convention date is set, we shall be glad to announce it, and will take such steps as may be necessary to see that an account of the convention is given in *The Western Farm Leader*.

* * *

NOT IN THE NEWS

Pierre Van Paasen, a Canadian foreign correspondent who has an established reputation, stated in a recent despatch from Spain, referring to an episode of the present struggle:

"All the churches where the Fascists had stored arms and built barricades in the doorways were set on fire."

Much has been published in our Western dailies about the burning of churches, but we have not as yet seen any despatch in any Western daily containing such a revelation as this. It might well be asked, in such instances, who committed the sacrilege, the Fascists who converted churches into armories or those who burnt the armories?

The civil war is no doubt being carried on with ruthlessness on both sides; but the public cannot form a sound judgment unless it is given the relevant facts. And the paragraph we have quoted from Mr. Van Paasen's despatch is relevant. It appeared only in a few papers in the East.

WHEN LISTS ARE SET FOR WAR

New Statesman and Nation, London, Eng.

When the lists are as plainly set for war across Europe as they are to-day, men forget the facts, Law ceases to have meaning; each diplomatic move is a manoeuvre for position or a desperate bid for peace; each newspaper headline is dictated under the strain of fear or passion. Let us, while we may, recall the essential facts.

When the French Government, wisely in our view, calls for an agreement among the Powers not to intervene in Spain, it is itself, for reasons of expediency, neglecting the elementary rights of the Spanish Government whom the mass of French people are clamouring to help. For an agreement not to intervene implies a recognition of equal belligerent rights between the constitutional Government and the rebels who have suddenly plunged Spain and perhaps Europe into warfare.

Of the nature of this rebellion there is no doubt. It is led, as revolutions in Spain have been at frequent intervals during the last century, by a clique of army officers. They had no backing among the Spanish masses. As the special correspondent of *The Times* put it: "The treason of the military chiefs was not only odious but stupid, for they must have known that their men were not with them." That they nevertheless took the risks of treason was due to their knowledge that they would be supported not only by a few Spanish industrialists, but also, and far more important, by Italian and German Fascism.

* * *

Legally and morally to-day, the Spanish Government is entitled to buy all the munitions of war it likes from any available source. Governments, on the other hand, which help General Franco, are committing acts of war against Spain. Yet, because the Spanish Government is of the Left and the rebels of the Right, the press presents the issue exactly as if the "Reds" were the rebels and the Fascists the defenders of legality. Even reputable papers in this country talk as if General Franco was at the head of a Government at war with Spain, while in the hysterical screams of the Rothermere press, the Fascist conspiracy has become a crusade for Christianity made by "loyalists" and "insurgent patriots." The pigeon-holes have once more been ransacked for the old atrocity stories and for photographs that are curiously reminiscent of those that once did service against the Germans, and which since the war have been periodically used against the Russians. Now they come in handy against Spain. . . .

The actual situation is that Spain is ruled by a weak Republican Government which, in fact, contains—though it is from the legal point of view irrelevant—neither Communists nor Socialists. Having good cause to fear that this Government would give way to a Socialist one, the secret Fascist conspiracy decided to strike. . . .

But if the Spanish Government is denied help from the democratic and Socialist Powers, while the rebels are fed from Portugal and supplied with money, aeroplanes and munitions from the Germans and Italians, the probabilities are that Fascism will triumph throughout the peninsula. In that case a white terror of the most ghastly proportions is inevitable. For only general massacre will subdue the mass of the Spanish people. And after that? A sparse and starved peasantry will continue to slave, as they have done from time immemorial, for an ignorant and lazy landlord class; and Fascism will have established its crushing strangle-hold over another and strategically vital corner of Europe.

AS NATIONS GET READY

LONDON, Eng.—Increases in the values of shares benefitting directly from armament orders increased as follows, from April 1st, 1935, to the third week in July of this year: Vickers, (every branch of armament), from 9 shillings 9 pence to 31 shillings 9 pence; John Brown (naval shipbuilding) from 5s. 1-1/2d to 37s. 3d; Hadfields (projectiles, armor) from 9s. to 32s. 4-1/2d; Cammell Laird (naval shipbuilding and armor), from 2s. 7-1/2d to 14s. 10-1/2d; Hawthorne Leslie (cruisers, destroyers, marine engines) from 13s. 6d. to 29s; Yarrow (destroyers, marine engines and boilers) from 36s. 9d. to 89s. 6d. The par value of Vickers is 10 shillings, of John Brown 6 shillings; of Hadfields 10 shillings; of Cammell Laird 5 shillings; of Hawthorne Leslie 10 shillings; of Yarrow £1.

DROUGHT PROBLEM

(Continued from page 1)

later experience; that, in the words of the report under review: "The Western plains have always been subject to recurring cycles of deficient rainfall with the attendant difficulties of feed shortage and soil drifting, and will in all probability continue to be so. This being the case the plans of Western agriculture must be made with the long-time view, which means taking every precaution during good years which will help to minimize the effect of drought and soil drifting in the dry years. It means putting fibre in the soil, planting trees where this can be done, conserving water supplies, and above all, the creation of an operating reserve if at all possible in order to carry the farm enterprise over a period when the returns are small."

—"Palliser Triangle"

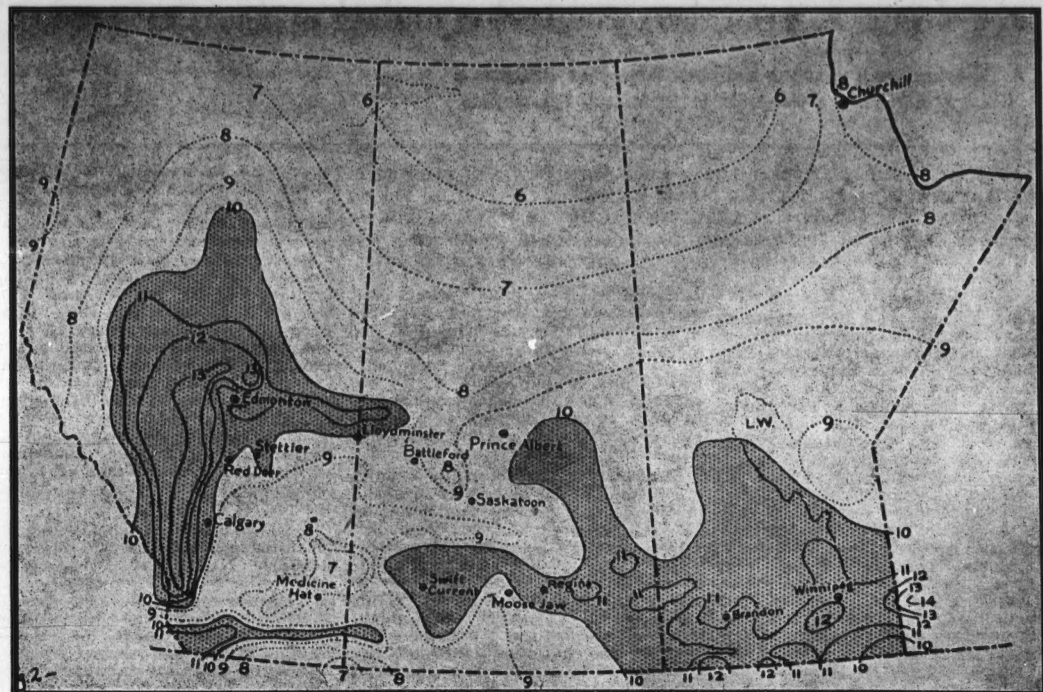
The "Palliser Triangle" in which the explorer enclosed the areas judged by him to be peculiarly subject to recurrent periods of drought, extended from Turtle Mountain in Manitoba to a point near Waterton in Alberta on the west and then north-west to the old Bow Fort on the Banff highway. From there the line ran north-east to Olds, and then almost due east along the 52nd parallel to a point south of Saskatoon and from there south-east to its junction with the base line on the 49th parallel at Turtle Mountain. "The triangle," the recent report states, "took in more territory on the West than was justified, but in the main it corresponds to the dry area as we know it today. In his (Palliser's) daily journal, as he explored the region, he often mentioned that sloughs and creeks were dry and that he had difficulty in getting water for his horses and that pasture was very scarce in many parts."

After quoting observations made by Prof. John Macoun in 1879, in line with those of Captain Palliser, the report continues: "The accuracy of these statements is a matter of record today, as well as the results of not paying closer heed to the advice they contained. These early records very effectively answer a mis-statement that is frequently made today, namely, that the climate of Western Canada has changed and is becoming more dry as the years go by. This is definitely not so."

Fat and Lean Years

With the coming of the railways, "settlement poured into the short grass plains. . . . Bumper crops and high prices in 1915 and 1916 had removed the last remaining misgivings on the part of those who were afraid of the short grass plains. Roads, telephones, schools, churches, and social services of all kinds. . . . Then came 1917, 1918, 1921 and 1922—drought, discouragement and despair—the covered wagon and the settler on the move again. . . . Another lease of life, good crops in 1926, 1927 and 1928—then drought again followed by

Thirty-five Years' Average Precipitation in Growing Season



The map shows the average precipitation during the growing season (April to September) over a period of thirty-five years. It was compiled by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The period covered is from 1896 to 1931. In the dark shaded areas the average precipitation has been 10 inches or more. In

the white areas the average rainfall for the several districts in the Prairie Provinces is disclosed by the dotted lines and figures. The averages here indicated formed one of the factors taken into consideration by the committee whose report we are reviewing in a series of articles.

wholesale abandonment—40 per cent, 50 per cent, 60 per cent and 80 per cent in some districts; the burden of taxation necessary to maintain services bearing heavier and heavier on the settlers who remained. Finally, it became difficult to operate schools, to maintain roads. Telephone lines were abandoned by the hundreds of miles. Life became more primitive and intolerable through lack of a natural community life."

We shall deal with the committee's recommendations later, but must here quote an important passage from the report to show that abandonment of the drought-affected areas or wholesale migration from them is far from being the solution of the problem. As we shall see later, the solution lies, in the committee's opinion, not in abandonment, but in social and economic planning in the occupied areas, including the effective utilization of water from the various watercourses. To make this quite clear the following paragraphs will for the moment suffice: "Any plan of settlement for the dry areas should be adopted only after the most careful consideration of all the factors involved. The plan should make use of all scientific knowledge that is related to the problem, all records of the past 30 years, coupled with the experiences of successful settlers residing within the area."

"The problem should be attacked with the object of arriving at the maximum population that the area will contain and provide with a decent standard of living. The point should never be lost sight of that settlers may be just as much or more of a relief problem in certain areas of wooded soils as they are in the dry areas and that when the dry area is viewed as an alternative to making a home in the wooded areas, the advantages do not all lie with the latter."

"To begin with, the soil of the dry area is, in the main, extremely productive when rainfall is abundant, it is easily worked and operating costs are low; the winter climate is quite favorable, and the cost per mile of constructing roads is much less than in the north. In the light of these factors, it would seem that

a reasonable plan of settlement which would utilize to the full the resources of the dry area can be worked out." In those two paragraphs, which we have printed with type emphasis, the spirit in which the whole problem should be approached is expressed. The areas have in the past yielded richly. They will always yield richly when weather conditions favor them. They can provide homes for prosperous communities. (To be continued)

NOURISHING

beer is best

—AT ALL LICENSED HOTELS AND GOVERNMENT STORES

THIS ADVERTISEMENT IS NOT INSERTED BY THE ALBERTA LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD, OR BY THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PROVINCE OF ALBERTA.

The Life Story of Toyohiko Kagawa

A Disinherited Japanese Student Who Has Become a Leading Figure in a Peaceful International Revolution

By HELEN TOPPING
Copyright by Willett, Clark and Company, Chicago.

In the preceding chapter the author described the manner in which Kagawa came to head the Social Bureau of the city of Tokyo. He was offered a large salary and emoluments, by the Mayor of Tokyo, but himself laid down the following two conditions: "First that you don't make me take the money; second that you obey me."

CHAPTER IX

What Kagawa had been doing as head of the Social Bureau was to turn its old-fashioned charities into co-operatives. Japan has experienced the depression twice as long as we have had it in America, and the middle class people, 90 per cent of them in Tokyo, had lost their property and been reduced below the poverty level. But they had kept their self-respect, and Kagawa knew that if the Social Bureau was really to serve them, they must have not mere charity but democratic self-help organizations.

All through the years he had been trying to meet the needs of the industrial laborers in Japan, he had been studying also the precedents to be found in the history of England and Europe. He had read the history of the "hungry forties" in England, the decade between 1840 and 1850 when there was so much economic distress and political disillusionment due to the introduction of machines.

During this period three great techniques were invented in England as efforts to meet the situation. One of them was trade unionism. Another was political socialism, the effort to get better conditions through the use of the vote. I must tell you that after Kagawa had organized both

laborers' and farmers' federations, he got them together and succeeded in a campaign for universal manhood suffrage, a reform which had failed to carry for thirty years, while only intellectuals were backing it. It was actually achieved just ten years ago, in May 1925, and there is a strong movement for women's suffrage, which Kagawa has aided.

The third great technique Kagawa discovered in the history of England in the hungry 'forties was based on the "democracy of the stomach." There were 28 poor flannel weavers in the village of Rochdale near Manchester who had asked for a rise in wages and had been refused. They badly needed it; and they had plenty of other troubles, too. But the worst of them was that they could not buy flour anywhere in Rochdale which did not have cement dust in it to make it heavier so that they would have to pay more, and of course without any regard for their stomachs.

So the weavers put their wits and their pennies together, saving each of them a tuppence (a nickel) a week for more than a year, and on December 21, 1844, with their combined savings of \$140 they opened their own store, becoming owners of it as well as buyers from it. They put into it pure flour of a kind they once had

been able to produce on their own farms, and butter and oatmeal.

The weavers were so poor at the start that they could afford to have their store open only two evenings a week. It was actually seven years before they could have that store open every day in the week. But the principles on which they started were so sound that today those 28 weavers—and one woman among them, Ann Tweedale by name—have become 28 million. They are operating one-sixth of the retail business of England, and 150 factories. Their Rochdale plan has spread into forty countries of the world, and has a membership as big as the population of China, 500 million.

In 1918 Kagawa began to organize the industrial laborers of Japan into Rochdale Consumers' Co-operatives. Because he was 100 per cent loyal to the Rochdale principles, his co-operatives became a model for other co-operatives in Japan, and are so cited in the official reports.

Kagawa did not start the Co-operative Movement in Japan. In 1900, only 30 years after capitalism had been introduced into Japan, a minister of the interior, Tasuke Hirata, had become concerned over the danger of violent revolution. Not as a government official but as an individual he had imported one form of the Co-operative Movement, the Schulze-Delitzsch system of credit unions from Germany.

The credit union is a poor man's bank, a small savings and loan association which saves the poor from the loan sharks. It had been started in Germany by a young Christian mayor, Raiffeisen by name, who found himself in the midst of a famine-stricken village with many other famine-stricken villages around him. Raiffeisen had the same habit Kagawa had, that of getting down on his knees and praying to God when he met a difficulty. He asked God what to do with his famine-stricken village, and God gave him a bank—a bank which would help the poor man first.

This was the Raiffeisen credit union, which had spread all over Germany. Later a modification of it was invented which did not help the poor man quite so much; this was the Schulze-Delitzsch system. This, however, was quite successful in Japan and became the typical farmers' bank, encountering no opposition because all the farmers are poor there. There are 12,000 credit unions in Japan now, but Kagawa has been doing his best lately to make them of the Raiffeisen type instead of the Schulze-Delitzsch type, so that they will help the poor tenant farmer instead of the more prosperous landowner.

When Kagawa started in 1918 to organize the city laborers into consumers' co-operatives, he thus found an existing co-operative federation to tie to, and some fairly good laws to work under.

(Next Chapter: Examples from north-west Europe of success in application of the same co-operative principles put into practice by Kagawa in Japan. Relation of Co-operation to world peace.)

Large quantities of foodstuffs were taken off the market and given to relief recipients in the U.S.A. by the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation, set up by the Roosevelt Government during recent years. From October 1933 to May 1936 these included 922 million pounds of meat and fish products; 162 million pounds of dairy products; 548 million pounds of fruits and vegetables and 335 million pounds of cereals.

Correspondence

The editor welcomes correspondence from readers on the issues of the day, particularly on subjects of practical importance to the farm people. The writer of every letter will be fully responsible for opinions expressed, which may or may not be those of the editor, and it is hoped that various points of view will be represented.

FEDERATION OF LEFT WINGS

Editor, *The Western Farm Leader*:

Fascism seems to be the modern mode of fixing the yoke of capitalism more firmly around the necks of the common man; the alternative being the federation of Leftism, for on any sign of success of a leftist movement, the proponents of our present social system will promptly adopt Fascism. In confirmation of above take the case of France, and of Spain where a leftist government are defending themselves against "money interest" rebels with the two Fascist governments of Germany and Italy giving the rebels *sub rosa* assistance.

Following the successful example of France, the C.C.F. Clubs took the bull by the horns, coming out flat-footed for the federation of all groups who embrace in their platform at all any degree whatever of "Leftishness."

As an outstandingly brilliant example of the very topmost peak of political imbecility, commend me to the Manitoba election, where half a dozen leftist groups were flying at each other's throats (can their aim be anything more altruistic than "the job" and the emolument?)

The net result as regards benefit to the common man will be just "done again, nothing": once more the truth of the effectiveness of "the old party" slogan is proved to the letter, viz., "Divide and Rule"; only in this case the leftists have gone one better and with one accord unanimously agreed to "divide" themselves.

Some may have seen the gay and jittery dog spin round and round after his "caudal appendage." These Manitoba pueriles will get just as far as Fido in their contribution to the emancipation of the masses.

H. F. W. GREENHILL.
Midnapore, Alta.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES

Editor, *The Western Farm Leader*:

"I Yam Disgustipated," says Popeye, in the funnies. I presume that the capitalists will feel like Popeye at recent trends in popular thinking, and events in world life.

Hopeless confusion among reform forces in Italy some time ago brought a Dictator.

A split between two forces socialistically inclined brought their total defeat by Hitler, even though combined they might have won the day.

But the people of France have learned the lesson and the forces of the Left have combined to win a real victory for the masses.

New Zealand also has a government under Premier Savage which is going places and doing things for the common people.

The people of Spain also have begun to awaken.

In England labor puts into the place of Mr. Thomas, who resigned, another labor representative who is said to be one of the keenest minds in England, and opposed to capitalism and war.

In Belgium the ex-soldiers are corresponding with ex-soldiers of other countries against another holocaust of mass murder.

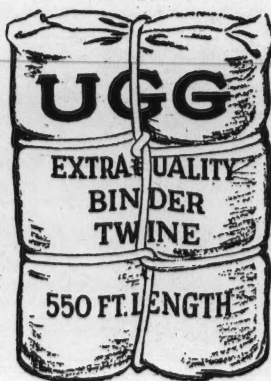
Money Power Takes Step Down

Money Power as the supreme dictator over national governments, has had to take a step down in France when the new People's Government took over the Bank of France. In the U.S. Roosevelt continues to press for the public welfare irrespective of bankers' policy. If elected for another

(Continued on page 9)

B
I
N
D
E
R

550 ft.



T
W
I
N
E

600 ft.

Higher Wheat values make it imperative you save all Grain possible.

The Quality of Binder Twine enters into this.

You are assured of Best Quality procurable if you purchase from U.G.G. or U.F.A. Twine Agent. U.G.G. Twine available at more than 325 points.

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD.

"THE ORGANIZED FARMER IN BUSINESS"

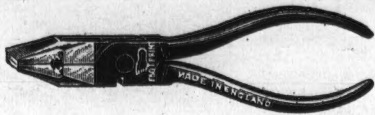
CALGARY

EDMONTON

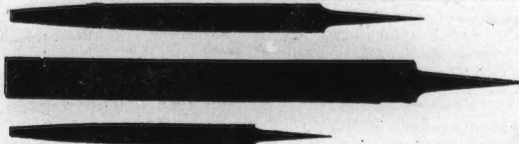
CHOOSE ONE OF THESE FREE GIFTS

Highest Quality - BRITISH-MADE TOOLS - Fully Guaranteed

4 Screw Driver. Retail at 75 cents. With one subscription..... **FREE**



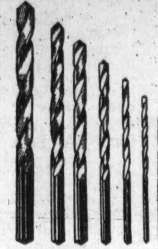
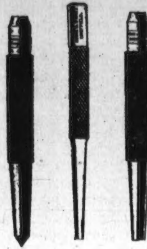
5 Side Cutting Pliers. Retail at 60 cents. With one subscription..... **FREE**



6 Set of Three Files, 6 in., 8 in., and 10 in. Retail at \$1. With one subscription, set of three..... **FREE**

7 Set of Punches, Pin Punch, Nail Set and Centre Punch. Retail at 75 cents. With one subscription, Set of 3—

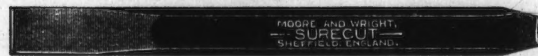
FREE



9 Set of Twist Drills, best carbon steel, 1/16 in. to 1/4 in. by 32nds. Retail at \$1.20. With one subscription, set of seven—

FREE

8 Chisel, 3/4 inch nickel-chrome alloy steel, "Surecut." Retail at 75c. With one subscription..... **FREE**



We are able to offer these valuable imported tools by special arrangement with **BRITISH INDUSTRIES, LTD.**, Calgary.

BALLS, BATS AND GLOVES for SOFTBALL

These goods are from the stock of **MOTOR CAR SUPPLY CO.**, Calgary, and are sold regularly over the counter at the prices mentioned.



1A D. & R. Official Cork Centre Softball, best cowhide, very strongly stitched, 12 inch. Retail at \$1.75. With two subscriptions (or with subscription for two years)..... **FREE**

1B D. & R. Softball, cowhide cover, 12 inch; suitable for school playground use; retail at 50 cents. With one subscription..... **FREE**

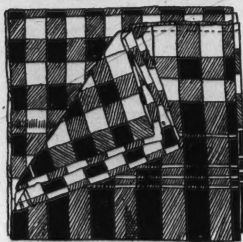


2A Best quality Softball Bat, Pecan Driver, gum rubber grip; retail at \$1.75. With 2 subscriptions (or subscription for 2 years)..... **FREE**

2B Regulation Softball Bat, good ash, retail at 50c. With one subscription..... **FREE**

3 Special Softball Glove, two-finger, horsehide, retail at \$2.50. With three subscriptions (or subscription for 3 years)..... **FREE**

Lunch Cloth



10 English made, 52 by 52 inches, guaranteed tubfast. In attractive shades of blue and white, green and white, yellow and white, orange and white. Please give first and second choice of colors. With one subscription..... **FREE**

A Free Trip to the Coast

Will be the First Prize for the person sending in the largest number of subscriptions to *The Western Farm Leader* before November 30th.

Second Prize—**PHILCO RADIO.**

Third Prize—**PAIR OF ALL-WOOL BLANKETS.**

Subscriptions already sent in will count.

New subscribers will be entitled to premiums listed on this page.

To qualify, a competitor must send in a minimum of forty subscriptions at \$1 each.

START NOW TO ROLL UP YOUR TOTAL

Chamois Skin



11 A great convenience for cleaning windshields, windows, etc., or polishing silverware. Size about 14 by 15 inches. Retail by Williams Bros. at Calgary, at 65 cents. With one subscription..... **FREE**

South African Water Bag



12 Very highly recommended by all who have used them. Fill the bag with water, hang up in the air, preferably under tree or hayrack, and evaporation keeps the contents cold and refreshing. Retail regularly by Williams Bros. at 90 cents. As a **SPECIAL OFFER FOR AUGUST ONLY**, we will give this water bag with **ONE subscription... FREE**

ORDER BY NUMBER

Please send me *The Western Farm Leader* for years, for which I enclose \$..... at the regular rate of One Dollar a year.

Send also Free Premium No.

Name.....

Address.....

Send the paper for one year also to—

Name.....

Address.....

Name.....

Address.....
(Clip this coupon, fill it in, and mail to *The Western Farm Leader*, Calgary.)

Current News from Near and Far

PROVINCIAL

Banff reports the best tourist season since 1929.

Rebuilding operations have made the Jasper highway very difficult this season, motorists state.

The Governor-General, Lord Tweedsmuir, and Lady Tweedsmuir, paid an official visit to Edmonton on Thursday of last week.

The Province's relief grant to Calgary has been reduced by \$4,000 for July; Edmonton was cut \$1,500 and Lethbridge \$500.

Dr. James E. Lövering, of Lethbridge, for many years prominent in Alberta School Trustees' Association, died on August 11th.

No blame was attached to anyone in the verdict given at the inquest into the level crossing accident at Bellevue which cost six lives.

Carried on by volunteer workers under supervision of the Social Credit M.L.A.'s, registration for basic dividends is now nearing completion.

The special session of the Legislature, called for August 25th, will deal with four bills, said Hon. E. C. Manning. He did not describe their nature.

Issuance of basic dividends might be begun on October 3rd, said Premier Aberhart on Monday evening to a Brooks audience, and would probably be \$5 to \$10 monthly.

The Provincial Government will redeem all scrip presented during the first redemption period, September 10th, 11th and 12th, said Hon. Charles Cockcroft in Edmonton on Tuesday.

Arrested in Hanna last week and charged with a series of country store thefts, Jack Turkitch of Calgary and Geo. Anderson of Selkirk, Man., were each sentenced to four years' imprisonment.

Heavy rains falling over the whole area at intervals since Thursday last have finally checked the forest fires in the foothills and mountains of Southern Alberta, it is believed. Several fresh fires had been started by lightning within the past two weeks.

On the ground that volunteer workers would have no responsibility for keeping the information given by citizens as to their private affairs confidential, J. J. Bowlen, Liberal M.L.A., in a recent press interview criticised the system of registration for dividends.

Revenue of the Province for the first three months of the current fiscal year was over \$835,000 more than for the same period last year, according to the auditor's interim report. The net funded and unfunded debt increased by more than \$1,529,000 during the same period.

His horse stumbling in a badger hole while he was driving cattle, Leo Meehan, aged 19, son of a Trochu farmer, fell and was instantly killed while his father looked on, helpless to avert the accident.

\$453,025, due to the Provincial Government on September 1st, for interest in respect to the 1929 overpayment, was paid over by the Alberta Wheat Pool on August 1st—one month in advance.

American war veterans living in the southern part of Alberta have been paid between three and four hundred thousand dollars lately. Each veteran received about \$1000 war bonus in American treasury funds.

Discovering that her card had been removed from the time-clock rack at the Government Buildings, Mrs. C. Lionel Gibbs, widow of the late Labor M.L.A., made inquiries and was told that this meant her discharge.

Judge Carpenter, the sole member of the public utilities board, should be fired and a "good Social Credit-er" put in his place, said Dr. W. E. Spankie, Government supporter, speaking at a Calgary meeting.

On strike since August 8th for an increase in the rate of 30 cents an hour for relief labor, relief recipients in Medicine Hat organized on Monday night to carry on their fight. Meantime, the Council refused an investigation.

Brief entries in a diary kept by Olaf Olson, trapper, lead to the belief that he died in an attempt to imitate the forty-day fast of Christ. His body was found recently in his cabin 60 miles from Rocky Mountain House.

Edmonton City Council are taking legal steps to have the injunction obtained in the supreme court by R. H. Watson, set aside. The injunction restrains the council from accepting their relief grant in scrip instead of legal tender.

DOMINION

Two cases of infantile paralysis have been reported in Winnipeg.

A meeting of the C.C.F. nominating convention in Burrard named Dr. Lyle Telford candidate for the bye-election.

A level-crossing accident near Louisville, Quebec, claimed the lives of twenty-two, and left nearly a score of injured, some probably fatally.

Robert Connell, M.L.A., leader of the C.C.F. group in the B.C. Legislature, was expelled from the party by vote of the Provincial executive, along with two other members of the Legislature, Jack Price and R. B. Swales. The members had disagreed with parts of the Provincial platform adopted at the July convention.

To enable individual members of the Doukhobor colonies to obtain title to their lands, liquidation of the holding company is sought by Peter Veregin.

After being lost for five days, Bill Tweed, an Ontario pilot, was sighted in a clearing where his plane had crashed. A rescue squad left Nakina to bring him out.

Seven C.C.F. and two independent representatives were elected in the Manitoba election, it is now learned; the figures of six C.C.F. and three independents, given in our last issue, were from an earlier and incorrect report.

Decision in regard to the problem of livestock in the drought areas of the West has not yet been reached. It is again being considered by a conference of Federal and Provincial Cabinet representatives in Ottawa this week.

There was no difference of opinion among Manitoba Social Credit M.L.A.'s as to the promised co-operation with the Bracken Government, said two of their number in Edmonton on Tuesday. It was previously announced from Winnipeg that the Manitoba executive of the Social Credit organization disapproved of the arrangement.

A sweeping victory for the Union Nationale was the outcome of the Quebec election, when the party secured 76 seats to the Government's 14. The Union Nationale, a Conservative core with Fascist leanings and support from former Liberals, built their campaign around the promise to investigate and punish the scandals which led to the resignation of Premier Taschereau.

WORLD

King Edward VIII has become very popular with Jugo-Slavs during his holiday along the coast of Dalmatia.

A report from Rome states that Ras Seyoum, Ethiopian general, has made peace with the Italian invaders.

The British air force will include at least 2,400 first-line fighting planes by the end of 1937, according to the present program.

Expansion of wheat and corn acreage next year in the U.S.A. will probably be urged by the AAA officials.

That Jews in Poland are being terrorized and financially ruined, is alleged by Polish delegates to the Jewish Congress at Geneva.

Changing drought areas in the U.S.A. from field crop farms to stock ranching country is advocated by the U.S. Resettlement Administration.

A thousand patients of a Mount Pleasant, Iowa, hospital for the insane were safely removed during a fire which did \$500,000 damage to the buildings.

After struggling against hampering negotiations and lawsuits with the corporation owning existing facilities for nearly four years, the town of Fort Collins, Colorado, has carried to victory its fight for a publicly-owned light and power system.

The Ohio telephone corporation was ordered by the State Supreme Court to refund \$11,832,264 to some 600,000 customers. The overcharges, accumulated from an order to reduce rates some fourteen years ago, are not yet refunded, the corporation having appealed to the U.S. Supreme Court.

In Naval Conspiracy



Japanese Commander Yosiyuki Itimiya, former assistant naval attaché, was named an alleged conspirator with John S. Farnsworth to deliver American defence secrets to Japan.

Masked Men Stage Hold-up

BURDETT, Aug. 19th.—Calling out that there had been an accident, three masked men gained entrance to the living quarters of Fred Lumbard, U.G.G. agent, early this morning; then, threatening to torture his wife, they forced him to open the safe and hand over \$600 of company funds.

EWING CHAIRMAN

EDMONTON, Aug. 19th.—Mr. Justice Ewing will be chairman of a Royal Commission, appointed under a new Order-in-Council to investigate Southern Alberta irrigation problems. Other members will be Roy W. Ringer and Dr. F. A. Wyatt.

CHARGED WITH MURDER

MONTREAL, Aug. 19th.—Charge of murder was added today to the charge of arson that faces Julius Cohen, as a result of the fire that burned down his store and cost the lives of three firemen.

Victims of one of the worst mining disasters in the recent history of Great Britain, 58 coal miners were buried at Barnsley, Yorkshire, on Friday last.

Fears that short crops of corn and consequent high prices, will drastically reduce the production of pork in the U.S.A., are expressed by Chicago provisions men.

An increasing demand for house automobile trailers is responsible for at least one growing industry in the United States. Last year six thousand trailers were built in factories.

Involving the purchase of \$1,000,000 worth of seed to help re-establish farmers in the American drought areas, a program has been drawn up by Washington Government officials.

Depopulation of the drought areas in the Central States of the U.S.A., as advocated in some quarters, was roundly scored at a conference of crop and soil conservation experts in Texas this week.

With the object of creating prejudice against government regulation of business, the National Association of Manufacturers is offering the comic strip "Uncle Abner" free of charge to papers, it has been revealed.

Presented to the Senate eight times, the French Government's Wheat Board Bill finally became law when the upper house yielded to the insistence of the Chamber of Deputies. It places control of wheat marketing largely with co-operatives.

IN EDMONTON

The CORONA HOTEL

IT'S NEW—IT'S MODERN

Moderately priced.

2 Blocks East C.P.R. Depot

INSURANCE

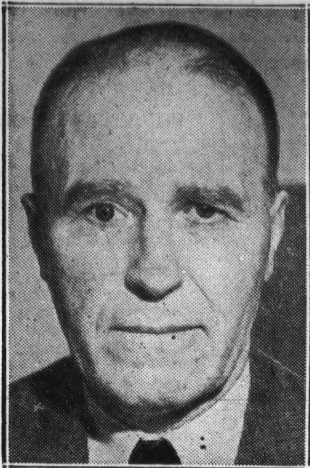
Are your Buildings, Car and Truck insured against loss by Fire? If not, write today regarding coverage through us with the Saskatchewan Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

U.F.A. CENTRAL CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATION LTD.

Renfrew Bldg., Calgary

Phone M9686

Endorsed by "Bill Thompson"



His name on the Presidential ballot, Representative William Lemke of North Dakota hopes to draw support from many different groups—followers of Townsend, Father Coughlin, and of Huey Long's successor, Rev. Gerald K. Smith. He has been charged with Fascist tendencies. "Big Bill Thompson," former Mayor of Chicago, recently endorsed his candidature.

CORRESPONDENCE

(Continued from page 6)

term his policy will no doubt be to further do what he declared at his first inaugural address, "Drive the money changers from the Temple."

In Canada there has seemed little hope of an awakening among the rank and file in the effete east, to seek redress against the injustices of capitalism. But, behold Quebec, of a sudden forcing the resignation of their long established Provincial Liberal Government under Taschereau, on charges of corruption, and calling for legislation along the line of radical opinion in the West.

Listen to a few of their long list of proposals: "The breaking by all possible means of the hold of the great financial institutions"; "Investigation re Public ownership of water power" "The combatting of the coal trust, the gasoline trust, the bread trust, resorting to state competition if necessary."

Imagine Quebec advancing along socialistic lines: "Reduction of bank interest"; "Priority of wages over dividends." Altogether there are fifty specific proposals and are they not in essential harmony with the C.C.F. program of the West? Are they not simply evidence that some people in the East are being awakened by the unnecessary misery of themselves and their fellows and for the nation wide ailments of an aged and failing capitalism are prescribing similar medicine to that prescribed by Westerners?

In the Maritimes

We read also in the Maritime Province of Nova Scotia where, led by St. Francis Xavier University, the spread of co-operation has brought life and health to people in the darkness of poverty and competitive night.

Here we have in Quebec and Nova Scotia the stirrings of a new economic life and hope for Canada.

In the West has been advocated for a long time the Public Ownership program where free competition has given way to trusts and combines and the co-operative principle has been sought to eliminate the waste of competition. These principles are now springing up in the east also and being reported in *Maclean's Magazine*.

The upholders of capitalism may be disgusted, but others are delighted at the signs of the times. It can be said of economic as well as other truths of human life:

"Truth crushed to earth shall rise again.

The eternal years of God are hers,
Whilst error wounded writhes in pain
And dies among its worshippers."

I. V. MACKLIN.
Grande Prairie.

A CORRECTION

Editor, *The Western Farm Leader*:

The newspaper heading to a report of an address recently delivered by me at the U.F.A. Convention at Gooseberry Lake, has apparently caused considerable discussion among U.F.A. members and others, as the impression was left that I had recommended full co-operation with the present Government in all its policies.

Those who heard the address will know that it was entirely non-partisan. No word was spoken either for or against the Government or any other political party or organization. Neither did I discuss the question of whether the U.F.A. should stay in or keep out of politics.

In one part of my address I did point out two or three immediate problems arising out of the wide crop failure this year—the feed problem, seed grain and debt problems. I stated that these were so serious as to demand the best thought of the Province and every one should be ready to approach these immediate problems with an absence of political prejudice and to the extent possible or permitted, be prepared to co-operate with the Government in their solution.

No wider meaning was intended or could be taken from anything said in my address.

J. E. BROWNLEE.

1-2 Imperial Bank Bldg.,
Edmonton.

OLD SYSTEM DYING

Editor, *The Western Farm Leader*:

In watching this old system die it makes one think what a desperate game we have been playing, each one trying to get all he can regardless of what became of those he took it from.

Then as we got a lot we lent it out and charged for it. For some time it seemed lending to the Government was a sure thing; but any concern that has always to keep borrowing money to work on cannot be a paying thing, and therefore is no security.

Suppose Rockefeller had lent Canada all the money she has been using and decides to quit; demanding that Canada now pay up! She cannot pay up! He closes down! Now Canada belongs to Rockefeller; what has he got? Something he cannot sell and will cost him billions to keep up.

Why complain about the interest when money can be borrowed to pay the interest?

Ask a farmer who pays the relief? Of course he will say, we do. No! We borrow it. The most of us farmers are in debt and as things are will never get out. The law says we can have enough to live on, any more belongs to our creditors. As long as we live we will have to work for our board and clothes and if you are not careful the clothes will be pretty shabby too.

In a later letter I hope to explain how the farmers, by the right of co-operation, can change the system to one where money is not used and everybody has plenty.

Yours for a better world.

CHAS. W. EDGSON.

Fairview, Alta.

PROTESTS ATTACK ON FARM LEADERS

Editor, *The Western Farm Leader*:

My attention has been directed by a number of individuals, groups and Locals of the U.F.A. to an editorial in the June issue of *The Farm and Ranch Review*, entitled "The Real enemies of Agriculture" in which a reference is made to a number of interests who have or are robbing the Canadian farmer, after which the editor of that paper proceeds:

"This is a pretty formidable and inclusive list of offenders and I can only think of one more group to which Editor McKee has failed to pay his delicate compliments, namely those poisonous demagogues posing as 'educational' leaders of agriculture, and therefore specialize on cheap muckraking and the stirring up of futile class hatred.

PROUD OF BAT AND BALL

"I am writing to thank you for the very fine bat and ball you are giving as premiums for getting subscribers for *The Western Farm Leader*. We have three subscriptions, and are sending the money along. We are also trying to get some more subscriptions and will send the money to you as soon as we get them. The bat and ball are something to be proud of and we certainly have some dandy ball games with them. You see, softball is my favourite summer game. Hoping you have great success with your wonderful paper."

—Anna Sutherland, Hanna

"These gentlemen I would earnestly nominate as Agricultural Enemy No. 2, conceding the distinction of first place to those spellbinding leaders of trades unions, who perform the same destructive functions amongst the decent workers as the former do in the countryside. Quite logically the No. 1's and the No. 2's soon developed close team work and engineered the absurd and unnatural farmer-labor alliance, appealing to the workers of the world to emulate the Russian ideal."

Who Are They?

I presume that when from the editorial chair articles appear in the *Farm and Ranch Review* for the farm people of Western Canada, it is done from an educational standpoint. Then as our mentor and spiritual advisor and Father Confessor, I challenge the writer to emerge from the indefinite to the definite and specific and name for the benefit of our farm people those poisonous demagogues who are or were our farm leaders. Who are they? Where and on what occasions have they indulged in cheap muckraking? We are waiting to hear.

In my humble opinion the editorial was an outrageous insult not only to the farm leaders themselves but to the whole organized farm movement in Western Canada, uncalled for and entirely unnecessary. On the contrary I submit without fear of successful contradiction that the leaders of the Farmers were and are men and women of the highest calibre, unselfish in their self-sacrifice to the ideal they always held closest to their hearts—that is, better conditions for the farm people of the West.

Where can you find women like Mesdames Sears, Gunn, Parlbay, Warr, Price and hundreds of others in Alberta who have left the comfort and warmth of their firesides to take long cold drives to carry a message of hope and cheer to our farm women. Where find men who have striven to do more for us than leaders like Henry Wise Wood, Gardiner, Garland, Brownlee, Irvine, Coote, Spencer, Kennedy, Lucas, Macphail of Saskatchewan and Partridge and hundreds of others whom I have not the time nor space to mention.

All Have Benefitted

Some of these have passed on to the Great Beyond. They got no financial reward in this world, not one of them. Instead they have been reviled and criticized even as the editorial above mentioned, with which I would not have dealt were it not for the wide publicity given it. We have all benefitted through the efforts of these men and women. Even the writer of that article, as he pours out vituperation on the organized farmers and their leaders cannot help but benefit by their efforts.

As to the second paragraph which refers to organized labor and their leaders, I will leave that for labor to answer, but again I ask who is the public enemy in the ranks of our brothers in the labor movement? Leaders like Woodsworth, MacInnis, Queen, and many others, or who?

Talking about the futile stirring up of class hatred, who has endeavored to do more than the writer I refer to, to stir up suspicion, discord and distrust between the two great bodies of our wealth producers—the farmers and the working man. Thank Heaven the results have been as small and insignificant as the objective. Sometime in the near future I am going

to tell what we have in common; that we are exploited from the same identical source; that a better standard of living for the laboring man means a better return for the farmer; that our alliance, absurd and unnatural as that writer calls it, is instead an exemplification of the brotherhood of man. For our ideals we will take the best that humanity has to offer, the world over, and we will not be so superior as to sneer at Russia. Maybe she too, has something to contribute to the onward march of humanity.

Who knows!

Yours very truly,

JACK SUTHERLAND.

Hanna, Alta.

IN THE COUNTRY

Editor, *The Western Farm Leader*:

Travelling through the country and meeting with many folks, it is inspiring to find the loyal groups of U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. members who still "hold fast to that which is true"; who in spite of reverses both to themselves and to their movement, in spite of bitterness aroused in the recent past, and in spite of foul accusations made at times, still carry on, secure in the belief that they are on the right track, not being deterred by promises or threats.

It is pleasing to see that many who differed with us, are now seeing their mistakes, and, though perhaps slowly and diffidently, are beginning to think of their old allegiance, and of the benefits that they have derived in the past through that allegiance.

Official figures may be low, but back of those whose names appear on our rolls are many supporters, who for various reasons, are not ready at the moment to join openly with us again.

I feel that those of us who have stuck, have much to be thankful for, and that in no very long time we are to be rewarded by a gain in strength that will once more put the U.F.A. in the front of the picture.

Yours sincerely,

H. E. HEATH.

Lacombe, Alta.

BRITANNIA
BINDER TWINEGreen Circle, 550 ft.
Red Circle, 600 ft.FULLY TREATED
FULLY GUARANTEEDas to
WEIGHT, LENGTH, and
TENSILE STRENGTH

British Industries binder twine enters upon its fourth year of sale in Alberta. In the past three years it has been established as equal to the best on the market and is now used throughout Canada by better class farmers wanting a better class twine at the price of ordinary twine.

Sold only by

BRITISH INDUSTRIES LTD.
Agents Throughout Alberta

Interests of

The United Farm Women.

Alberta's New School Curriculum

By KATHLEEN F. BRAIN, B.A.

Much discussion is taking place and many and diverse opinions are expressed in regard to the new school curriculum for Alberta. In this issue we give the views of a teacher who strongly favors the changes. Miss Brain is principal of the Knights of the Round Table Correspondence College, Calgary.

Since the educational systems of the past have led us towards ugliness, futility, selfishness, ruthless competition, and unemployment, educationists the world over have come to realize the necessity for a new type of school.

Instead of cramming the minds of boys and girls with myriads of unrelated facts, Alberta's new Program of Studies aims to teach boys and girls how to LIVE beautifully, unselfishly, happily, and with a spirit of friendly co-operation towards those with whom they associate. The primary object in all the subjects is that pupils ENJOY their lessons. An emphasis on construction work, dramatics, speech training, choral speaking, folk dancing, rhythmic games, musical appreciation, typewriting, oral French, much supplementary reading, and scientific experimentation (with simple home-made apparatus) is a most hopeful sign. These cultural activities will make school life much brighter, and prepare our boys and girls to live wholesomely in the new age of leisure.

Program for Elementary Schools

The new program for the Elementary schools has two sections: division 1 includes grades 1 to 3, and division 2, grades 4 to 6. To provide for the individual differences of the pupils, each child may progress at his own rate in a division. For example, a child in division 1 may be taking Grade 1 language, Grade 2 reading, and Grade 3 arithmetic concurrently, although he may not pass on to division 2 until he has completed the requirements in all subjects for division 1.

The tool subjects such as reading, writing, and arithmetic will be taught through formal lessons, while cultural subjects like literature, art, history, geography, elementary science, etc., will be presented through enterprises. However, the course is quite elastic. Enterprises usually include all the tool subjects, while some formal teaching will be given in the cultural subjects.

Many parents may wonder why the new Program lays such stress on the Enterprises. Remote goals have little appeal to children, for they tend to live in the present, and prefer to

see immediate results. Consequently at the end of each enterprise pupils will display their work to some audience—other pupils, parents, friends, or the community; and throughout the five or six weeks of preparation pupils will work with this goal in view.

No teacher is compelled to use the enterprise method this year, although the Department hopes that the majority of the teachers will attempt at least one enterprise. Among those suggested for division 1 are: The Birthday Party, How We Get Our Food, We Visit Japan, How Our Houses Are Made, We Take Good Care of Ourselves, etc.; and in Division 2, Christmas Comes to Canterbury, The Sun Worshippers, In Search of a Western Sea, etc.

Method Used in Enterprise

The following is a brief outline of the method used in an enterprise. The teacher selects a topic which she believes will interest her pupils. A culmination involving a program for the community might include: songs, recitations, folk dances, pantomime, playlets, talks, etc.; while an exhibition might consist of a display of pupils' Scrapbooks, and table projects (a model farm for the Enterprise, We Visit the Farm), a frieze of large pictures drawn by the children, etc. Pupils will search their readers, library books, and magazines in the home, and ask many questions in order to gain all the information possible relating to their activity. Making reports on their findings will give pupils valuable speech training, and increase their self-reliance.

All constructions should be neat and accurate, and the pupils' own work, not the teacher's or parent's. In this time of depression it will be difficult to get the material for constructive work and the reference books which might be desirable. But we must be resourceful and utilize what is available. In every home are to be found old farm papers and magazines; and scraps of wood, cardboard, cloth, etc. These can be utilized in school projects, thus saving the need for expensive materials.

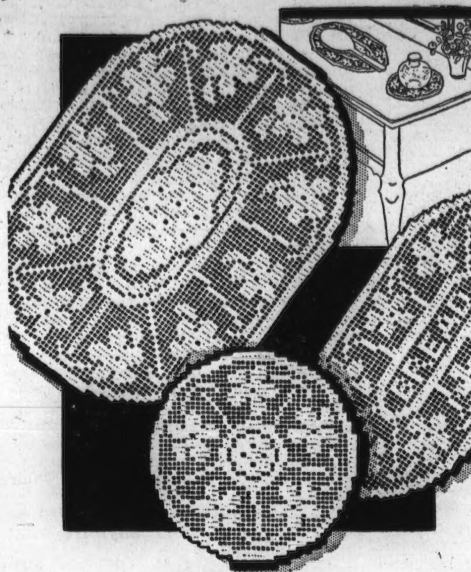
Creative Expression

In writing original poems, stories, playlets, etc., pupils will have an opportunity for creative expression. Since classes will be divided into committees, each responsible for some particular phase of the work, boys and girls will learn how to co-operate with others harmoniously. Also, because the pupils must work out the enterprise for themselves, they will have a chance to solve problems on their own initiative. In the past teachers and parents have solved children's problems, with the result that pupils left school unprepared to meet the real difficulties of life.

Mothers of beginners will notice some change in the method of teaching Grade 1. Because an ability to read rapidly is essential to success in all school work, great stress is being placed on reading, while their arithmetic will be of a kindergarten nature. Also, Grade 1 children will learn only printing, instead of both printing and writing, as formerly, for it is printing children must use in reading books. In these respects our Department is only following the lead of other provinces, England, and the United States.

Alberta's new curriculum is a new

"The Western Farm Leader" Pattern Department



PATTERN 5605

FOR BUREAU OR BUFFET

Pattern 5605—A fine gift for card party or shower—a fine donation for the fairs that will be coming soon, is this set of doilies. You crochet them of crochet cotton, very quickly and easily, for a simple mesh sets off the flower motifs. Use them for buffet or vanity set, bread or serving trays, or as doilies. In pattern 5605 you will find complete instructions for making the doilies shown (they measure 10-1/2 x 14 inches, 6-1/2 x 12 inches and 7-1/2 inches); an illustration of them, and of all the stitches needed; material requirements.

Send 20 cents with your name and address.

PORTRAIT

The life of a farmer is charming, According to folks who write books.

There are though some aspects of farming

The onlooker quite overlooks.

The farmer is frequently ruffled By things going wrong with his crop;

And often his plans are reshuffled By prices that flop!

He bears all the worries that you do,

Plus farming's particular ills.

He carries a permanent hoo-doo Of taxes and overdue bills.

His mortgage persistently doth in His day pour a beaker of blight,

And usually cuts a wide swath in His slumbers at night.

It seems though the farmer is rich in

A quality most of folks lack— Calamity may put a hitch in

His plans but he sticks to his track.

When drought, hail or prices have flooded him.

And everything seems out of gear,

Great comfort his visions afford him

Of good crops next year!

—Isa Grindlay Jackson

HALF ARE UNDERNOURISHED

Only about half of the population of Great Britain have enough money to buy sufficient quantities of the right sort of food for health, according to Sir John Orr's book, "Food, Health and Income," which describes his investigations into the relationship of income to food and of food to health.

venture. It has tremendous possibilities if well taught, but the first year of adjustment will be difficult, for our teachers have had little time for preparation. Hence, parents must not be too critical, and expect an adult standard when they view the culmination of their children's enterprises. With the sympathetic co-operation of parents, pupils, teachers, and school boards, boys and girls who study through the Enterprise Program can derive a much more interesting and useful type of education than they have experienced under the old course.

Farm Home and Garden

Chicken Maryland: Cut up a chicken into joints. (If you want to use a fowl, steam or boil it until tender and skin before jointing.) Dip the pieces in flour, then in beaten egg and roll in breadcrumbs. Place in a well-buttered pan with small pieces of butter on each piece; bake twenty minutes in a hot oven, basting well with the butter. Serve with savoury rice—boiled rice seasoned with salt and pepper, to which is added a chicken liver, boiled and diced; and a little melted butter.

Egg and Cabbage Salad. Shred 4 cups cabbage, crisp in cold water, drain and dry; add half a cup bacon, cooked and diced; 6 hard-boiled eggs, sliced; a very little finely minced onion; and half a cup salad dressing.

Boiled Cream Salad Dressing: To 1 egg, slightly beaten, add 1 cup sour cream, then 1/4 cup vinegar, 2 teaspoons salt, 2 teaspoons sugar, 1 teaspoon mustard, and a very little pepper. Cook in a double boiler.

Chocolate Butter Frosting: Cream 4 tablespoons butter, and add gradually 2 cups sifted icing sugar; add 1/2 teaspoon vanilla, a dash of salt, and 1-1/2 squares unsweetened chocolate, melted; then add milk (about 3 tablespoons) until of the right consistency to spread.

Fruit Pies: Gretaunt's method of making fruit pies without soggy crusts was to sprinkle a little flour over the sweetened fruit filling, and to put the pie into a very hot oven, lowering the heat after the first ten minutes.—Handy Annie.

Activities of Farm Women's Locals

There was a good attendance at the last meeting of Fairdionian Valley U.F.W.A. (Sedgewick) when plans were completed for the making of a quilt.

At their last meeting Willow Springs U.F.W.A. decided to send letters of appreciation to the Junior girls who had helped them by serving at their strawberry social; also to the U.F.A. who helped prepare the grounds and set up tables, etc. The social, with a good program of sports and a supper of strawberries and ice cream and other good things sold at the nominal price of 25 cents, was a very enjoyable occasion. A wool comforter and cushion were raffled, the former being won

WILLIAMS BROS. LTD.

MAIL ORDER SPECIALISTS

BETTER GOODS

BETTER PRICES

BETTER SATISFACTION

Send for our Catalogue and Price Lists.

GET THE HABIT

Send to WILLIAMS BROS., CALGARY

ENGLISH KNITTING WOOL

Sirdar Brand, Wakefield, Eng.

Lowest Prices.

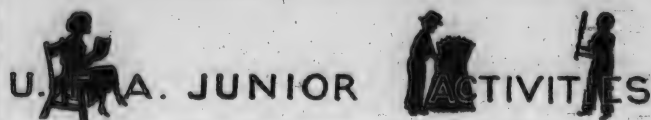
Crochet 25c, Layette 22½c, Swimsuit 17½c.

Silero 22½c, Knitfast 20c, Silk Boule 27c.

English Needles, U.S. K. Books, postpaid—yarn samples free.

WOOLCRAFT

Regina and Saskatoon



With the Juniors at Gooseberry Lake

By Mrs. MARY BANNER

I often think one must come into contact with the Juniors to know real enthusiasm; and a visit to Gooseberry Lake (Coronation Constituency Convention) on Junior's day certainly confirmed this opinion.

From 2 o'clock until 4 o'clock in the afternoon the program is by custom for and by the Juniors, and this year was a very successful one, comprising an address by the Acadia Junior director, Ronald Fraser, reports from all Locals of the year's activities, membership, etc., and one or more musical numbers or other variety of entertainment from each Local. A most enthusiastic audience listened, and it must be admitted that this is one of the best attended of the sessions. Mr. W. Mjellness of the Onward Local acted as a very efficient chairman.

Later in the evening a pageant was staged on the shore of the lake, representing the March of Time—each Junior Local (of which there are twelve in the constituency) impersonating a different month, and Miss Shannon as Miss Leap Year in place of Father Time introducing the numbers.

Locals Taking Part

The following were the Locals taking part:

January, Sedalia; February, Onward; March, Meadow Creek (unfortunately absent); April, Sounding Creek; May, Federal; June, Consort; July, Naco; August, Sounding Valley; September, Cayno; October, Wheatshaf; Novem-

ber, Broadview; December, Mirror Heights.

by Mrs. P. Schneider and the latter by M. Melanchyn.

The lunch and tea served by the U.F.W.A. members at Lamont to the ladies attending the summer conference held there were "just A-1", writes a correspondent, who adds that the conference was most enjoyable. The speakers, including Mrs. Price, were heard with great interest. The handicraft exhibit was good, and there "seemed to be such a happy, confident feeling among the women."

Rubber horse shoes to reduce early morning noises in the city are being tried as an experiment in Edmonton.

ber, Broadview; December, Mirror Heights.

The initiative shown in the representations, and the artistic manner in which these were developed, the musical numbers included, made indeed a remarkable program. An ideal setting and amphitheatre with the rising moon over the lake, completing a decidedly satisfying picture. Mrs. Shannon as supervisor and indeed all who helped her, must be heartily congratulated on such a very successful entertainment.

Junior News Items

Magnolia Juniors recently organized a bee to prepare ground at the school for planting trees next spring.

"What I Consider an Ideal Holiday" was the roll call for the last meeting of Magnolia Juniors. The business meeting was followed by games and lunch.

Twenty-two young people signed the roll of the new Clairmont Junior Local, organized by Mr. J. W. Callister, who is the supervisor. Clarence E. Gudlaugson is the president and Miss Helen Oatway the secretary.

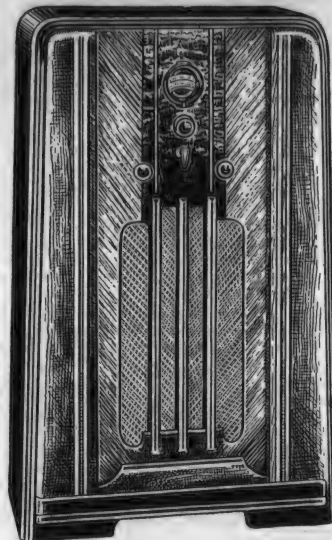
During a visit of Ronald Fraser, Junior Director, a new Junior Local was organized in the Federal district, with 23 members. George Thring is president, Margaret McRae secretary, Barbara Wager vice-president, and Rodina McRae and John Cochrane directors.

Thirteen members of the Willow Springs Juniors answered the roll call on the topic "What I Would Do If I Had the Financial Means," and greatly enjoyed this new way of building castles in Spain. The serious part of the program was provided by Clyde Hastings and Aileen Rigney, who gave papers on "Indian Legends," and "Indian Religion." Two new members joined.

A talk on Indian religious beliefs by Mr. J. Goodrider, from the Blackfoot Indian coal mine, was a very interesting feature of the meeting of East Milo Juniors held in a grove on the banks of the Bow River. Forty-five members and visitors attended. Nora Wainwright, who was appointed reporter, writes that five

PHILCO ... IS SHOWING CANADA ... HOW GOOD FARM RADIO CAN BE

New, 1937 Philcos for unwired farm homes bring new, startling performance ... combined with cabinets of striking beauty. True, clear, undistorted tone on speech and music, and power unequalled in battery sets. Greater selectivity ... easier tuning. The new Philco models shown here cover standard Domestic Broadcasts ... Police Calls ... Night and Day Aviation ... Night First-Class Amateur ... some Domestic and Night Foreign Short-Wave Broadcasts ... receivers that set new standards of performance for farm radio ... at prices that challenge the keenest buyer. Your Philco dealer has these new models, and others, ready to show you now.



PHILCO 37-338 J

This distinctive streamlined cabinet holds a balanced Philco chassis that assures amazing power and undistorted tone. Features include Wide Vision Dial, Concert Grand Speaker, Glowing Beam Station Finder, Two-Point Tone Control, Automatic Volume Control, and many others. **\$85.00**

There's a Philco for every purse and purpose. Battery Radios \$49.95 up; 6-Volt Radios \$99.50 up; Electric Radios \$40.75 up. Generous Trade-In Allowance—Easy Terms.
ALL ELECTRIC PHILCOS
\$40.75 up

Wholesale Distributors

MOTOR CAR SUPPLY COMPANY OF CANADA, LTD.

Calgary - Edmonton - Lethbridge

members of this Local attended the Macleod constituency rally at Stavely, and that one of them, Frances Monner, won the public speaking contest.

A recent meeting of Alix Junior Local took the form of a farewell party for two of the members who were leaving the district to live in B. C. At one of their June meetings they heard a short address from the U.F.A. President, Robert Gardiner; at the other they decided to help the U.F.A. Local build up a community library, and made plans for their annual picnic for the older people.

Patronize Western Farm Leader Advertisers.

NO JOB FOR AMATEUR

"People think that any fool can farm," said Agnes MacPhail, M.P., in the House of Commons. "They think that all a farmer has to do is to scratch the earth and sow some seed. Actually a successful farmer must be a good administrator. He has to know everything. He must be a good horticulturist, a cerealist, and a stock breeder. Running a farm is no job for an amateur."

Just Missed It

Old Lady (meeting a one-legged tramp on the street)—Poor man, you have lost a leg, haven't you?
Tramp (looking down at his foot)—Well, I'll be darned if I haven't.

Snores

First Camper: "You woke me out of a sound sleep."
Fellow-Camper: "I had to. The sound was too loud."

Five Black Ponies for New Quintuplet Film



These five perfectly matched black ponies, the property of William Graham, of Fairbank, Ont., have been selected by the Fox Film Company to take part in a new film production in which the Dionne quintuplets, of Callander, will again be starred, their second feature picture.

A Unique School for Rural Students

We give thorough, detailed, simple and interesting teaching in Grades X to XII, Oral French, and Commercial subjects.

Our Commercial Students may write the accredited examinations of "Isaac Pitman Shorthand" and "Remington Typewriter." Companies, in their local schools. We arrange to procure typewriters for students desiring them, on easy terms.

Exchange of letters and exercises between our students creates a happy school spirit. Personal weekly supervision ensures systematic work.

When writing for particulars, state fully previous education and courses desired.

Apply to

MISS K. F. BRAIN, B.A., Principal.
KNIGHTS OF THE ROUND TABLE
CORRESPONDENCE COLLEGE
1209 16th St. W. Calgary, Alta.

Good Wishes from Far and Near to Western Farm Leader

Chinook Local Secretary Forwards Subscriptions for 16 Members—Some Other Letters Received

Limits of space again prevent the quotation of more than a few of the many expressions of good wishes received by *The Western Farm Leader* from readers in Alberta and elsewhere in letters accompanying subscriptions.

Lorne Proudfoot, secretary of Chinook U.F.A. Local, in forwarding a cheque for \$16 with a list of subscribers, expresses the best wishes of the members and himself for the success of the paper. Substantial numbers of subscriptions have been sent in this week by Mrs. Ray Carter, U.F. W.A. Director for Wetaskiwin, in addition to others previously sent, and by Wilfrid Hoppins, Past President of the Junior U.F.A. Carl Unterschultz, Fort Saskatchewan, Junior U.F.A. Director for Vegreville, accompanies his subscription with "wishes for the best of success," as does Uri Powell of Sexsmith, President of the Grande Prairie Constituency Association, who states: "Very glad to have in *The Western Farm Leader* a paper like *The United Farmer*."

Among letters from the United States was the following: "My press of speaking engagements caused me to miss subscribing for your paper long before, as I greatly appreciate it, particularly your international news which, to my way of thinking, at this particular time is vital. I am enclosing herewith a United States Post Office Money Order for \$1.50."—S. Fred Cummings, farmer, speaker, writer, Mazon, Illinois.

Vegreville Officers

Vegreville Federal U.F.A. Constituency Association, at their annual convention which was reported briefly in the last issue of the *Western Farm Leader*, elected as officers the following: H. R. Boutillier, president; Mrs. McNaughton and N. Svelka vice-presidents; directors, Mrs. Warr, C. J. Stempfle, R. Hennig, C. Unterschultz, Mrs. Pearce, M. Luchkovich, N. Charuk, M. Palylyk; R. Wilson, P. Hadyk, John Stogrin, F. Miracle, W. Huculak, W. Werenka, J. Sembaliuk, T. Tomashavsky, M. Dahley, M. Hryniw, Mrs. Doige, D. J. Sorochan, and Messrs. Nixon and Pearce. The Convention went on record in support of the stand taken by the U.F.C. of Saskatchewan at their Convention in proposing a general grain strike in event of the Federal Government not maintaining the Wheat Board and a minimum price. A resolution was forwarded to Head Office of the U.F.A. asking them to initiate similar proceedings and work in close harmony with the Saskatchewan organization.

PLEAD GUILTY

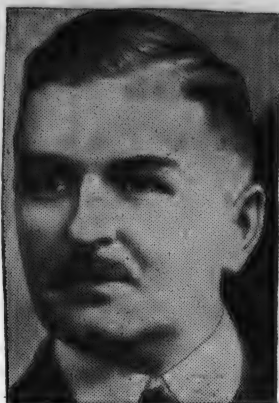
MOSCOW, Aug. 19th. — Sixteen counter-revolutionaries pleaded guilty today to taking part in a plot to overthrow the present Government and kill Stalin and others.

Over large areas in Southern Alberta which had had no rainfall for many weeks, the drought was broken last week-end.

By Order-in-Council, the Provincial Government has forbidden the burning of strawstacks, except by permission of R.C.M.P. or Government authority.

EMPIRE HOTEL
CALGARY
THE FARMERS' CITY HOME
Cleanliness — Comfort
LOW RATES

Wins in Quebec



Maurice L. Duplessis, leader of the Union Nationale, whose party defeated the Godbout Government in Quebec elections.

Lack of Organization Which Costs Money

By OBSERVER

Due entirely to lack of organization among poultry producers in Alberta a large sum of money has been lost to them in recent months. Prices paid for eggs have been fully 25 per cent lower than the prices realized by the members of the co-operative poultry marketing organisations in the sister Provinces of Saskatchewan and Manitoba.

A recent check of poultry marketing figures shows that our prices here have consistently been from two to three cents per dozen less than the prices paid by the co-operatives in the two Provinces named, whereas they should have been a cent higher than the Saskatchewan and Manitoba values, this due to the fact that the big market this season has been in Vancouver. Heavy movements of eggs have been recorded from the other two prairie Provinces to the coast.

This seems to me another example of the toll our farm people pay when they fail to co-ordinate their marketing efforts. When an attempt was made to place the poultry industry in this Province on a basis offering some justice to the producers, the attempt was met by an intensive, and, at times a bitter campaign sponsored by those who profit by the lack of organisation among producers. Several thousand dollars were spent in breaking up the effort toward orderly marketing.

It would seem as though the expenditure made in that campaign is now being recouped—with interest.

Prize lists, and regulations covering competitions at the Edmonton Fall Sale and Show, to be held in the capital city, October 13th, 14th and 15th, are now being distributed, and copies may be obtained from the secretary, Miss E. L. Holmes, Exhibition Grounds, Edmonton. Entries in the various classes in this live stock classic close for purebred entries on September 5th, and for commercial entries October 1st.

The drought of this summer was kinder to the northern half of the Province than to the south, and this should have its reflection in the fall live stock show at Edmonton. The plans made for the competitions and exhibits and outlined in the catalogue now off the press indicate that no pains have been spared by president George R. Ball, manager P. W. Abbott, and their directors and committees, to make this year's program an unqualified success.

Everyone realizes that the working out of a policy to take care of cattle from the drought areas of the West is a tremendous task. Those responsible for such a task have the sympathy of all who take time to size up

1936 CROP AND CREDITORS

(Continued from page 2)

assistance to many farmers at this time:

This Act provides the exemptions to which a person is entitled as against seizures under Writ of Execution and seizures under a Chattel Mortgage executed after the 23rd day of April, 1935.

The following real and personal property comprises the exemptions allowed by the Act:

- "(a) The necessary and ordinary clothing of himself and his family;
- "(b) Furniture, household furnishings, dairy utensils, swine and poultry to the value of five hundred dollars;
- "(c) Grain, flour, vegetables or meat, whether prepared for use or on foot, or any of them, as will be sufficient when converted into cash to provide food for the execution debtor and his family until the next ensuing harvest;
- "(d) Six horses or mules, or any six of them, six cows, six sheep, four pigs and fifty domestic fowls besides the animals the execution debtor may have chosen to keep as necessary food for himself and his family and food for the same for the months of November, December, January, February, March and April or for such of those months or parts thereof as may follow the date of seizure or attempted or proposed seizure, provided such seizure be made, attempted or proposed between the first day of August, and the thirtieth day of April next ensuing, or in lieu of the horses or mules, one tractor;
- "(e) One automobile or one motor truck used for agricultural purposes which has been in use for not less than one year and which does not exceed four hundred dollars in value;
- "(f) The harness necessary for six animals, one wagon, one buggy or democrat, one disc or cultivator, one mower, one breaking plough, one gang plough, one set of harrows, one horse rake, cream separator, one binder, one set of sleighs and one seed drill;
- "(g) Seed grain sufficient to seed all his land under cultivation not exceeding one hundred and sixty acres, at the rate of two bushels per acre, and as selected by the execution debtor and fourteen bushels of potatoes;
- "(h) The homestead of an execution debtor actually occupied by him, provided the same be not more than one hundred and sixty acres; in case it be more the surplus may be sold subject to any lien or incumbrance thereon."

the situation in their own minds. At the same time the owners of the cattle are entitled to some of the sympathy, and the expression of it that would please them most is an announcement of what the Governments intend to do.

It is a long time now since the aftermath of the drought was first visualized. Surveys have been made; there have been comings and goings to and from Ottawa, deliberations, and conflicting press reports. The only definite statement to date says the railways will absorb one-third of the transportation charges on these cattle on movement to packing plants for slaughter, providing the Provincial and Federal Governments will pay the remaining two-thirds. So far neither Government has indicated it will do this.

Moving these cattle on an agreed basis of transportation is of course only part of the question. What is to happen to the processed meats and by-products after slaughter, how the producer is to be compensated, and other factors have still to be announced.

With the exception of calves and sheep and lambs, prices paid during the month of May on Alberta public stock yards lagged behind those of May, 1935, according to figures recently published by the agricultural branch of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

At Calgary, the average price paid

The Wheat Situation

At the time of writing no minimum price for wheat has been set by the Wheat Board. A campaign against such a move has been under way by the vested interests. The Wheat Pools have recommended \$1.15 a bushel, but it is unlikely that the figure will be greater than \$1.00 if that.

The price has been hesitating around \$1.00. A sudden recession from the high points followed cessation of buying on a large scale from overseas. The crop is now being harvested but marketing is limited. Hedging pressure has not been severe to date and should not be with the light crop in prospect.

Most short-term indications are for a lively demand and there should not be a great deal of trouble disposing of Canada's surplus crop this year. Europe's crop is down 80,000,000 or thereabouts from last year. A wet harvest is being experienced there, too.

The Canadian crop will probably be around 225,000,000 bushels. The crop is badly damaged from drought but this did not impair the quality—only the quantity.

The U.S. crop estimate showed a vast deterioration in corn, which is resulting in very high prices for that grain. Wheat feeding may develop on an extensive scale in that country due to high-priced corn.

Review of Livestock Markets

CALGARY STOCKYARDS, Aug. 19th.—The cattle market is steady on steers, stronger on good cows and heifers; the stocker trade is quiet, with all offerings well cleaned up. Hogs are steady, with selects at \$9.25, bacon \$8.75, butchers \$8.25, off trucks. Good lambs are steady at \$5, common to medium \$3.50 to \$4, fat ewes and yearlings \$1.25 to \$2. Good butcher steers are \$3.75 to \$4.25, common to medium \$2 to \$3.50; good to choice light heifers \$3 to \$3.50, good heavy heifers \$2.75 to \$3, common to medium \$1.50 to \$2.50; good cows \$1.75 to \$2; good to choice veal calves \$3 to \$3.50, common to medium \$1.50 to \$2.50; good stocker and feeder steers \$2 to \$2.50.

Milk and Cream Prices

An advance of 40c per hundred on fluid milk became effective Sunday, August 16th. Although this is not sufficient to take care of the present feed prices it is hoped assistance will be forthcoming from Federal and Provincial Governments for milk produced in the Calgary area. All butter markets remained practically unchanged at last week's quotations with the British market showing weaker undertone. The last Government report shows present storage holdings now only one million pounds over that of last year. This, no doubt, will help materially to raise butter values. Cream receipts in Southern Alberta show further decrease over the same period of last year. However, the recent moisture should have some effect during the coming weeks. Churn cream is based on 22c for special grade, delivered Calgary. City milk is \$2.35 per hundred for 3.6 butterfat. Table cream 32.

for all cattle sold in May, 1936, was \$3.51. For May, 1935, the average was \$4.75. For calves the Calgary average for May, 1936, was \$3.98 compared with \$4.46 in the same month 1935. The May, 1936, average for hogs at Calgary was \$7.47 against \$7.85 in the same month previous year. Sheep and lambs averaged \$6.49 this year compared to \$4.91 last.

At Edmonton the May average for cattle this year was \$3.09 compared with \$4.18 in May, 1935. Calves \$4.28 this year against \$3.44 in May last year. Edmonton hogs brought an average of \$7.49 this year as against \$7.75 in May last year. Sheep and lambs \$6.20 compared to \$3.58 last season.

Alberta Wheat Pool Delegates

RESULTS OF ELECTIONS

Sub-Dist. No.	No. Ballots Cast	How Distributed	Counts 1 2	Name of Candidate Elected
A-1	103	Bishop, J. R. Ervine, S. McFall, J. R.	23 45 54 35 42	Ervine, S., Orion
A-2		Acclamation		Madill, J. D., Foremost
A-3		Acclamation		Eliason, N. L., Wrentham
A-4		Acclamation		Johansen, J. A., Woolford
A-5		Acclamation		Anderson, J. W., Barnwell
A-6		Acclamation		Redd, Paul H., Raymond
A-7		Acclamation		Ober, R. A., Picture Butte
A-8		Acclamation		Purcell, G. J., Enchant
A-9	102	Lyzewski, J. O'Neill, J. W.	41 61	O'Neill, J. W., Winnifred
A-10		Acclamation		Montgomerie, T. S., Hilda
B-1		Acclamation		Duffield, E. I., Pincher Creek
B-2		Acclamation		Russell, D. H., Carmangay
B-3		Acclamation		Carey, E. A., Barons
B-4		Acclamation		Montgomery, H. I., Nanton
B-5		Acclamation		Voissey, G. E., Champion
B-6		Acclamation		Dann, J. J., Reid Hill
B-7		Acclamation		Ward, M. H., Arrowwood
B-8		Acclamation		Barker, W. R., Okotoks
B-9		Acclamation		Anderson, J. O., Blackie
B-10		Acclamation		Greig, J. C., Balzac
C-1	123	Fowlie, J. Jones, Leonard	80 43	Fowlie, J., Bindloss
C-2	168	Hannaford, J. R. Yake, W.	94 75	Hannaford, J. R., Howie
C-3		Acclamation		Hansen, H. G., Pollockville
C-4		Acclamation		Axelson, A., Wayne
C-5		Acclamation		McArthur, J. A., Gleichen
C-6		Acclamation		Walter, W. A., Hussar
C-7		Acclamation		Wagler, E. A., Standard
C-8		Acclamation		Schmaltz, J. H., Beiseker
C-9	82	Kaechele, D. King, Thos.	47 34	Kaechele, D., Ghost Pine Creek
C-10	114	Wood, J. A. Hepburn, S., B.A.	59 55	Wood, J. A., Elnora
D-1		Acclamation		Norris, E. J., Sibbald
D-2		Acclamation		Cates, Rufus, Oyen
D-3		Acclamation		Blair, W. J., Naco
D-4	109	Falconer, W. S. Marcy, N. F. McDonald, G. A. Sellers, J. W.	45 56 47 51 15 2	Falconer, W. S., Big Stone
D-5		Acclamation		Burton, D. J., Stanmore
D-6	170	Davey, Thos. Sutherland, J. K.	95 73	Davey, Thos., Craigmyle
D-7	222	Hands, W. C. Moore, Henry	166 56	Hands, W. C., Delia
D-8		Acclamation		Bagley, G. A., Rowley
D-9	212	Price, R. Smith, E. A.	97 114	Smith, E. A., Leo
D-10		Acclamation		Holder, M. R., Stettler
E-1		Acclamation		Taggart, H. L., Olds
E-2	174	May, J. W. Semple, Thos.	97 74	May, J. W., Clive
E-3	148	Ramsey, J. Spelrem, O. K.	82 66	Ramsey, J., Ponoka
E-4		Acclamation		Haarstad, A. B., Bentley
E-5		Acclamation		Tindell, J., Rochfort Bridge
E-6		Acclamation		Messmer, J., Barrhead
E-7		Acclamation		Rafn, Andrew, Bon Accord
E-8		Acclamation		Keith, E. H., Sexsmith
E-9	267	Mueller, W. R. Toftner, O. L.	135 132	Mueller, W. R., Spirit River
E-10		Acclamation		Williamson, M. E., Berwyn
F-1		Acclamation		Sturmer, G. W., Consort
F-2		Acclamation		Burn, H. P., Hayter
F-3	117	Blair, B. E. Danielson, A. L. Evans, Isaac Long, A. E. Mitchell, W. A.	34 60 22 46 27 15 19	Blair, B. E., Cadogan
F-4	114	Johnson, Torgeir Lewis, F. R. Wraight, W.	48 55 26 40 53	Johnson, T., Loyalist
F-5		Acclamation		Hallett, J., Fleet
F-6		Acclamation		Turner, H. H., Castor
F-7	93	Adams, J. R. Moulder, W. B.	52 40	Adams, J. R., Lougheed
F-8		Acclamation		Laing, John W., Galahad
F-9		Acclamation		Eshpeter, A., Strome
F-10		Acclamation		Harber, W. W., Camrose
G-1	187	Foreman, H. Strachan, N. S.	138 48	Foreman, H., Chauvin
G-2		Acclamation		Clay, G. E., Paradise Valley
G-3		Acclamation		Wood, A. B., Riverton
G-4		Acclamation		Holmberg, A., Viking
G-5		Acclamation		McDuffe, J. T., Minburn
G-6	147	Kokotailo, T. Shapka, W. L. Sorochnan, D. J.	47 59 53 63 44	Shapka, W. L., Desjarlais

C.C.F. HAS BECOME CANADA-WIDE, SAYS ROBERT GARDINER

Going Ahead in Rural Ontario, With Many New Units Now Organizing

IN MARITIMES TOO

States Breakdown of Liberalism in Quebec Opens Up New Opportunities

"Clear evidence that the C.C.F. movement, far from being a Western movement only, has now become Dominion-wide in character, and that its program is appealing to large and important groups of citizens in Eastern Canada who in the beginning did not understand our program, was provided at the Annual Convention recently concluded at Toronto," stated President Robert Gardiner of the U.F.A., on his return from the Convention this week. Mr. Gardiner is a member of the C.C.F. National Council.

Garland's Work Successful

"E. J. Garland, the national organizer for the C.C.F., has met with great success in his work in the East, particularly in the rural districts where the farm people in large numbers are showing interest in the aims and purposes of the C.C.F. movement. At many of the meetings which Mr. Garland has addressed in Ontario clubs have been formed, and the movement is going ahead steadily, with new units of the farm people organizing for action through the C.C.F. in increasing numbers.

"Another most encouraging feature of the situation is the establishment of the C.C.F. in the Maritime Provinces, which were represented at the recent Convention for the first time, by three delegates from New Brunswick. Mr. Garland was most successful in his recent organizing tour in the Provinces on the Atlantic seaboard, and he organized a substantial number of locals.

French-Speaking Organizer Needed

"For the first time, also, there would seem to be great possibilities of development in the Province of Quebec, in view of the break up of the Liberal party which has ruled that Province for almost 40 years. In order to take full advantage of this opportunity, however, it would seem desirable to appoint a French-speaking organizer, and the National Council of the C.C.F. have that in view.

"I think it will be encouraging to supporters of the C.C.F. movement

Fearless Fighter Passes

Death has closed the career of Lincoln Steffens, writer and social reformer. Thirty years ago his fearless exposure of the corruption of municipal governments made him one of the best-known men in America.

AGGRESSIVE SALES POLICY

(Continued from page 1)

action of the Liberal Government since, in removing some of the tariff restrictions, and lowering some of the rates of duty, would, however, have a tendency to remove some of the British opposition to a renewal on the old terms.

The British Government has to deal with its own producers in the agricultural field, some of them asking for duties against Empire producers, as well as against foreign producers. The Mother Country is in a position to ask for substantial concessions for British manufacturers in the Canadian market in return for a second five-year free entry of Canadian farm produce. What these concessions are only Mr. Dunning and his colleagues on this side of the water know, and it will probably be some time before we know what treatment Canada's farm products are to receive in the British market when the present agreements expire in 1937.

in the West to know, as the developments I have described show, that in the future they can expect increasing support from their fellow citizens in other parts of the Dominion who stand for fundamental social reconstruction."

Change in Council Set-up

Mr. Gardiner was well satisfied with the results of the Convention, which he considers to have been a very great success. A change in the organizational set-up of the National Council was made, and the Council now consists of a President and Vice-President (J. S. Woodsworth, M.P., and M. J. Coldwell, M.P., respectively were elected to these offices), and National Organizer (Mr. Garland), together with six members elected by the Convention and three elected by the representatives of each of the various Provincial Councils of the C.C.F.

One of the most important decisions, said Mr. Gardiner, defined the relationships of the C.C.F. with other progressive and radical groups. In the field of politics the C.C.F. will maintain an independent position; but so far as matters of a non-political nature are concerned, co-operation with other groups is provided for, the Provincial Councils defining the terms of such co-operation for their own areas, subject to the final jurisdiction of the National Council.

Sub-Dist. No.	No. Ballots Cast	How Distributed	Counts 1 2	Name of Candidate Elected
G-7		Acclamation		Moen, E. A., Tofield
G-8	155	Lazarenko, B. M. Shaw, W. F. F. Zaseybida, John	24 96 34	Shaw, W. F. F., Vegreville
G-9		Acclamation		McCormick, A., Warspite
G-10		Acclamation		Tessier, V., St. Paul

COAL

Prices on all grades of coal from the Drumheller and East Coulee fields will advance September 15th. Place your orders now.

We are again handling Hy-Grade, Aetna, and Carbon Black Diamond Coals, and can give you prompt service.

For prices write:

U.F.A. CENTRAL CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATION LIMITED

Renfrew Bldg., Calgary

Phone M9686

What's Doing at CFAC?

Two delightful half-hour programs of good music will feature the Alberta Wheat Pool's Sunday presentation—Thirty Minutes of Melody—over Foot-hills Network Stations CFAC, Calgary, CJCA, Edmonton, and CJOC, Lethbridge, on August 23rd and August 30th at 5:00 p.m.

Through the medium of the National Broadcasting Company's Thesaurus transcription service, a wide variety of dinnertime music is provided by many outstanding artists of the big radio networks. Such famous orchestra conductors and composers as Ferde Grofe, Nathaniel Shilkret and Rosario Bourdon are featured in these Sunday half-hours along with the Westminster Choir, the Melodeers Quartet, the Dreamers and the Master Singers.

On Sunday, August 23rd, the program will include Rosario Bourdon's Concert Orchestra, the vocal harmonies of the Melodeers and the Buccaneers and will feature Samuel Kissel, violinist. Many old favorite selections will be found in the program: Londonderry Air, Love's Old Sweet Song, Juanita, Believe Me, By the Old Mill Stream, We're Tenting Tonight, Traumerei, Sleeping Beauty.

Thirty Minutes of Melody on Sunday, August 30th, will include the following program: When Day is Done, Pale Hands, The Old Refrain, Soon, Billy Boy, Perfect Day, Wonderful One, Sympathy; and will present Nathaniel Shilkret's Orchestra assisted by the Master Singers, the Dreamers and the Westminster Choir.

OPEN CENTRAL OFFICE

An outcome of the July conference at Glenwood, Minnesota, is the decision of the board of National Co-operatives, Inc., to open a central office in Chicago, with a full-time salaried manager.

Gold production in the Soviet Union showed an increase of 25 per cent for the first six months of 1936 as compared with the corresponding period last year. It is estimated that for the full year the increase will be 46 per cent over 1935. Mechanization of the industry and the "Stakanov" movement for higher individual efficiency are stated as the reasons for increases.

No fewer than six persons, all men and boys, lost their lives by drowning in Northern Alberta waters during the week-end of August 9th.

CALGARY'S FRIENDLY STATION

Now! That wasn't a delegation from an insane asylum in the studios last week. Just Gill and Demling rehearsing the Comedy Capers gang for Ford's Tuesday and Friday Night shows.

Oscar
THE Office Boy

CFAC
930 K.C.
16 HOURS DAILY!

On Wheat Pool Program



"The Melodeers," concert artists who will contribute to weekly program over station CFAC.



The United States athletes swept the Olympics as expected. They had no really effective opposition save in the swimming races, where Japan showed brightly. In field and track events it was all Uncle Sam.

The negroes saved the day for the United States, Owens being the particular dark-skinned star. In the sprints and the broad jump he was spectacular. An athlete of Owens' calibre hasn't been seen for many a year.

Canada was merely a spectator save in the canoe race, where an Ottawa man triumphed and in basketball, where the Windsor Fords won second place, having been defeated in the final by the Stars and Stripes.

The next Olympic games will be held in Japan and the little brown men will outdo themselves to put the event over successfully and to win the majority of the competitions. Don't let anyone underestimate their ability to do both.

The Japs haven't the strength for some of the events, like weight-throwing, but they are coming fast in the foot races, jumps and swimming events. They are the hardest workers in training of all athletes in the world.

Canada has a tough time to develop athletes. She has the available youth, but doesn't seem to be able to train and develop them properly. It will take different lines of operation if the Dominion is to make any showing in the future.

The big league baseball races are developing interesting kinks. The Yankees look "in" as far as the American league is concerned, but there is a hot race in the National league. The New York Giants have come along with a rush reminiscent of the Cubs dash down the stretch last year, and may overtake the struggling Cards and Cubs.

The Cubs look weak on the offence and the Cards need pitching. Johnny Mize is keeping the Cards in the race with his big bat. The Giants seem to be organized better right now than at any other time in the past two years. Watch the Terrymen!

FIRST IN TWO EVENTS

Wilson Kerns, of Acme, who won the individual prize for athletics at the Junior Conference, in June, took first place in two events at the Western Canadian meet in Wetaskiwin last week. He ran the half-mile in 2:12-2/5 and the mile in 5 flat.



By SYDNEY MAY

Hello, Folks!

We beg to announce that the prize of a free hiking tour to New York, offered in our last issue by this column, was won by Mister Ike N. Swipem. Unfortunately Mr. Swipem will be unable to take advantage of his award, as owing to pressure of his majesty's business, he will be unavoidably detained in Prince Albert for the next three years.

And Sinbad the Sailor insists that it's the people on land who are generally all at sea.

Li'l Goldilocks, our office vamp, tells us that she went to a party the other night, just for a lark. Yep, but it was the swallows that put the kibosh on the evening, she says.

"TRUE 'TIS, 'TIS PITY—"

(According to a news dispatch the present depression has been responsible for a great increase in child mortality among the children of the poor.)

Squalor, squalor, squalor, filth and dirt and grime.
Wretchedness and poverty, drunkenness and crime—
Seeds of human loveliness, planted in such soil,
Bring forth lives of ugliness and hell grows rich in spoil,
While you and I
'Neath azure sky
Find rest from daily toil.

Mammon, mammon, mammon,
sordid, grasping greed,
Human hearts are hungering,
lamb's of Christ have need.
"Suffer little children," so spake the Son of Man,
And God knows how they suffer,
but not on Heaven's plan:
While you and I,
With laughing eye,
The pleasant future scan.

Christian, Christian, Christian,
hear the children's plea,
Lest God shall say, "I gave thee all, what hast thou given Me?"
Scatter, scatter, scatter, the seeds of kindness sown,
Bring forth lives of happiness, and when before God's throne
Stand you and I,
Our charity
Shall many faults atone!

A Cardiff butcher is reported to have given up his business to become an opera singer. Doubtless he expects to make a bigger stake.

Hate Slogans Suppressed During Olympics

BERLIN.—In preparation for the influencing of foreigners during the Olympic games a committee under the Propaganda Minister secured information from Nazi party cells in every country including Canada, who reported on the mental attitudes and peculiarities of the foreigners to be in Berlin for these events. The anti-Jewish paper *Sturmer* was banished from the streets which foreigners would visit. Street boxes on every corner in the central areas were painted over for the duration of the Olympics, hiding slogans calling on the world to hate the Jews. It is feared that now the Olympics are over there will be a new wave of persecution.

NEGROES CO-OPERATE

After the steel mills at Gary, Indiana, closed in 1932, half of the 20,000 negro population of the city were on relief, and the others mostly living in poverty. Thirty of them started a small co-operative store at that time, and in less than two years their membership grew to 400 and the volume of business enabled them to open a modern store on the main street of the city.

WHY TEACHERS GET GREY

"The Little Corpuscule was the nickname given to Napoleon."

New York writer on feminine topics declares that a girl can always tell when her brother's in love. You betcha! And she generally does.

TODAY'S BRIGHT THOUGHT

Alas, and alack, trying to drown your sorrows too often gets you into deep water.

Certainly not, Algernon, a seasonable suit is not one of those pepper-and-salt affairs.

ISN'T IT THE TRUTH?

Cynical Gus says that too many film writers who set out to indite a masterpiece end up by turning out a nasty piece.

"Girl Saves Man"—headline in a Chicago paper. Gosh! she must have jilted him.

An English couple, honeymooning by airplane, are reported to have been marooned in the desert for two days. A happy stranding, what?

WHERE'S THE JOKE, FOLKS?

"Syd," said the boss to us, yesterday, "you ain't as big a fool as you used to be."
"Then," says we.
"Nope," he chortled, "you've got quite a bit thinner." And then he laughed and laughed and laughed again.

Oscar, the office boy of CFAC, denies he was arrested as a suspicious character. He says he's always been a Freeman and he's standing Pat on that statement.

"It just slipped through my fingers, mum."

CUT THIS OUT

FREE 50,000 ASCO

"ASCO" Trial Tablets given FREE to 25,000 "Western Farm Leader" readers. Try this proven "Better Tablets" for the relief of HEADACHES, COLDS, NEURALGIA, HAY FEVER, PAIN, etc. Write for free particulars about our FREE GIFT OFFER valued \$1.00.

ASCO PHARMACAL CO.
DEPT. L WINNIPEG MANITOBA
Mail to us

AGENTS WANTED

LADIES WANTED TO DO LIGHT SEWING at home; good pay; work sent charges paid. National Manufacturing Co., Dept. 75, Montreal.

BATTERIES

ABC BATTERIES—GUARANTEED SERVICE on all electrical units, cars, trucks, radios, Alberta Battery Company Ltd., 420-428 Ninth Ave. E., Calgary.

AUTO FARM LIGHT RADIO BATTERIES

Coyle Long Life Plates used Exclusively. Guaranteed Workmanship. Fair Prices.

CALGARY BATTERY CO.
DON BARKER, Prop.

117A - 11th AVE. W. CALGARY

Iron Clad Submarine

Storage Batteries

with 7 year Bonded Guarantee. Give 2,560,000 additional watt hours more than other Batteries. Delco Light Patented Iron Clad

are sold only by—
DELCO LIGHT CO.

The best Dollar Value in Batteries

Alberta Distributors:

**BRUCE ROBINSON
ELECTRIC LTD.**

Calgary Edmonton

BELTING

BELT REPAIRING AND SPLICING, Factory method, all work guaranteed. New and used belts for sale. Consumers' Tire Co., 1308 1st St West, Calgary. M3975.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY

WE CAN GET YOU ANY BOOK PUBLISHED. Write us. Wilson's Bookstore, 105 Eighth Avenue East, Calgary.

CARS AND TRUCKS

CUMMING MEEGAN & CO. LTD., CALGARY. Dodge and DeSoto Dealers, Dodge Trucks. A complete line of Used Cars and Trucks that carry our 30 day Guarantee. Trade your old car on a better one.

CLEANING AND DYEING

GARMENTS AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS Cleaned and Dyed. Price List and information upon request.

EMPIRE CLEANING AND DYEING CO. LTD.

"Reliable—That's All"

Plant: 902 4th Ave. W.

Branch: 234 12th Ave. W.

CALGARY — Est. 1911 — ALBERTA

DISEASES OF SKIN AND SCALP

DR. S. C. W. MORRIS, DISEASES OF SKIN and Scalp. Physical Therapy. All forms of Electrical Treatment, including Short Wave Therapy, Massage; Nasal ionization for Hay Fever and Asthma; Electrical treatment for Hemorrhoids (Piles), 602 Southam Building, Calgary.

FARM MACHINERY

WELL CASING

Have 5 inch Casing as low as **35¢** foot, other sizes comparatively as cheap. It will pay you to give us a call. Also attractive prices on Pump Cylinders, Gas Engines and other Equipment.

WRITE FOR 1936 CATALOGUE

EMPIRE METAL & SUPPLY CO. LIMITED

605-2nd St. East Calgary, Alta.

23rd Annual Clearance of
BELTING, GALVANIZED ROOFING,
CASING, PUMPS, PIPE, FARM MA-
CHINERY AND REPAIRS, ETC., AT
BARGAIN PRICES

Write for Price List

**CALGARY SCRAP IRON
& METAL CO.**

507 - 2nd St. E. Calgary

CLASSIFIED SECTION

Price: 3 cents per word per insertion; 5 insertions for the price of 4; 9 insertions for the price of 7; 13 insertions for the price of 10.

Terms: Cash in advance.

Publication Dates for the next three Months

September 4th

September 18th

October 2nd

October 16th

November 6th

November 20th

Closing Dates for Classified

August 31st

September 14th

September 28th

October 12th

November 2nd

November 16th

FARM LANDS

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COM-pany now offers for sale improved and unimproved farms on NEW EASY TERMS. Large areas in Alberta and Saskatchewan open for settlement. For full particulars apply to Supt. of Sales, 905 Dept. Natural Resources, C.P.R., Calgary, Alberta.

FEED AND SEED

TIMOTHY HAY, ABOUT LIVE CARS, properly cured prime stock. Can ship promptly. J. F. Cattinach, Grimsby.

FRESH FRUIT

BLUEBERRIES AND CRANBERRIES, 8c per lb., f.o.b. Caslan, Alta. Alex. Gordon.

CHERRIES IN FOUR BASKET CRATES—Montmorency Preserving \$1.25 crate, Royal Annes \$1.50, Black Republicans \$1.50, Bings and Lamberts \$2.00, Raspberries \$2.25, Early Blackberries \$1.50, Late Blackberries \$1.25. F.O.B. Chilliwack. Cash with order. Storey Fruit Farms, Sardinia, B.C.

GRAPHOLOGY

GRAPHOLOGY—YOUR CHARACTER RE-vealed by your handwriting. All questions answered. Enclose specimen and signature in ink, with stamped envelope and 25 cents, to Sydney Mav, 320 Sixth St. West, Calgary.

LEGAL

J. E. BROWLEE, K.C., LL.D., BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary, etc., 1, 2, Imperial Bank Bldg., Edmonton. Northern Alberta solicitor for the United Farmers of Alberta and U.F.A. Central Co-operative Association Ltd.

WILLIAM E. HALL, BARRISTER, SOLI-citor, Notary, etc., 401-403, Loughheed Building, Calgary. Solicitor for the U.F.A. Central Office and Southern Alberta district.

DISEASES OF WOMEN AND MATERNITY

DR. H. C. SWARTZLANDER, 811 SOUTH-am Bldg. Calgary.

The Western Farm Leader CROSS WORD PUZZLE

ACROSS

- 1—Medieval Spanish boat
- 8—Control action of
- 15—Mean
- 16—Alteration
- 17—Portrayal
- 18—Flower beetle
- 19—Girl's name
- 20—Xenon
- 21—Profit
- 22—Sould ceaselessly
- 23—Color
- 25—Shows a trend
- 27—Apocryphal name
- 28—Perfume
- 30—Aeriform fluid
- 31—Founder of Soviet Russia
- 32—French river
- 33—Leave out
- 35—Choose
- 36—Kiss
- 37—Home of bees
- 38—Fails of development
- 41—Piece of glass
- 42—Imitate
- 45—Medieval weapons
- 46—Sharp peg
- 47—According to law
- 49—Old
- 50—Teeth
- 52—African river
- 53—Watering place
- 54—Mending liquid
- 55—Greek letter
- 57—Headgear
- 58—Winding

ANSWER TO PREVIOUS PUZZLE

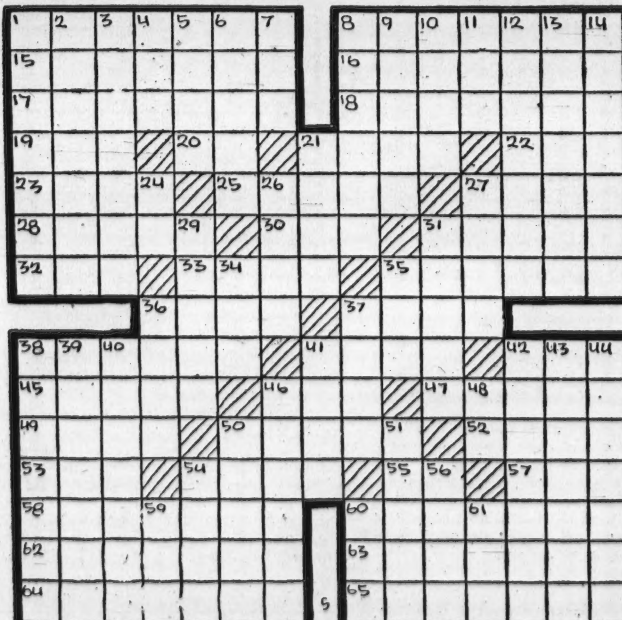
CASUS	SHE	MOVER
OVINE	LOG	AWARE
RIBON	IER	STRAD
FAY	AI	GREGS
UNLATCH	TEAR	ROOM
MEET	SAGE	
ASSESS	ESSES	MEDALS
REIN	DEE	UNAU
MENDED	ANTE	CEDE
ENID	TIRE	
SWADDLE	REASONS	
LAC	AL	STERS
ASTER	DEA	ELIDE
STONE	OAT	RANGE
NEROS	TRY	SWEET

- 60—Fertilizer compound
- 62—Compendium
- 63—Not devoured
- 64—Resigned
- 65—Storm

DOWN

- 1—Center of government
- 2—Cupidity
- 3—Takes back

- 4—Skill
- 5—French village
- 6—Kind of heron
- 7—Civil War general
- 8—Mountain nymphs
- 9—Combining form: near
- 10—Level
- 11—Edge
- 12—Foolish
- 13—Pertaining to Mongol race
- 14—Gracious
- 21—Small fly
- 24—Tantalum
- 26—Zeus's shield
- 27—Goddess of Kilauca
- 29—Causes to retreat
- 31—Flat
- 34—Messages (abbr.)
- 35—Wrongdoing
- 36—Raised
- 37—Die by the noose
- 38—Gets together
- 39—Musical instrument
- 40—Pertaining to sea
- 41—Evergreen tree
- 42—Stir up
- 43—Tastes
- 44—Fundamental part
- 46—Hesitated
- 48—Printer's measure
- 50—Conduit for water
- 51—Vertebral column
- 54—Well done
- 56—Particular article
- 59—Indian tribe
- 60—Kind of fruit
- 61—Knock



The solution will be given in our next issue.

GLASS EYES 40

Send \$4.00, mention color and whether right, left eye, receive sample assortment of 12 postpaid. We save you money.

PITMAN OPTICAL HOUSE
605 West Hastings St., Vancouver, B.C.

LUMBER, FENCE POSTS, ETC.

FENCE POSTS—WILLOW, TAMARAC, Cedar, also Blockwood. Write to North West Coal Co., Edmonton, Alta.

LUMBER AND BUILDINGS

Materials of all kinds

Manufacturers of
Sash, Doors, Special Mill Work,
Wagon Oak,
Wagon Boxes, Bottoms and Sides

Storm Sash and Combination Doors

Write for prices

Delivered your nearest Railway
Station

HAYWARD LUMBER COMPANY
LIMITED

P.O. Box 459 EDMONTON

MAGNETO AND ELECTRICAL REPAIRS

HUTTON'S, 131 11th AVE. W., CALGARY. Batteries, Magnets and Motor Check Equipment. M5895.

DELTA ELECTRIC LTD., 1002 1st STREET West, Calgary. Phone M4550 for Magneto and Generator Repairs and automotive supplies.

ESCO SERVICE, 407 CENTRE STREET, Calgary.—Batteries, Farm Power Plants, complete Electrical Service and Magneto Repairs. Work Guaranteed. Phone M9633.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

DRUG SUNDRIES, WHOLESALE PRICES, \$1.00 order. Highest Quality. Assorted. Prosperity Bonds Accepted. Dix Sales Co., 3028 2nd St. S.W., Calgary, Alta.

NEWEST TYPE DRUG SUNDRIES; NO-velty with \$1 order. Paris Novelty, Aikins Building, Winnipeg.

PATENTS AND DRAFTING

PATENT ATTORNEY (REGISTERED). Ideas developed. Expert general drafting. W. St. J. Miller, A.M.E.I.C., 703 2nd St. W., Calgary.

PERSONAL

HYGIEA FORMS — MARRIED WOMEN! Hygiea forms give secure, dependable Feminine Hygiene. Double effectiveness, eliminate danger, odorless. Wonderful blessing for women everywhere. Package contains twelve cones with instructions. Send \$1.00 immediately. End your Marriage Hygiene worries. Hygiea Chemical Company, Box 433 (B), Toronto, Ont.

MASCULINE AND FEMININE HYGIENE. Illustrated Catalogue free. 24 drug sundries, \$1.00. Box 332-U, Victoria.

THIS BOOK IS FREE ARE YOU ILL?

Nature has a remedy for you. Get our Herbalist and Nature's Doctor Book. Our Herbal Remedies are relieving thousands of sufferers.

Send Postcard Today.

HERBAL REMEDIES, LTD.
416 20th ST. W. SASKATOON, SASK.

STOVE REPAIRS

ATTENTION, PLEASE!

We carry a stock of repairs for all makes of stoves, furnaces and heaters. Buy direct and save. Write for prices.

THE GREEN'S STOVE CO.

109 Travellers Bldg. Calgary, Alta.

SWINE

FOR SALE—PURE-BRED DUROC WEAN-ling boars. W. L. Gray, Millet, Alta.

WATCH REPAIRS

CO-OPERATE — GET GUARANTEED Watch Repairing at reasonable prices. King U.F.A. Watchmaker, Dulemead, Alta. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

PICTURES OF CURRENT NEWS INTEREST

Loyalists from Field, Factory and Office Rally Against Rebels



To meet the threat to the constitutional Government of Spain, recently elected, farmers, factory and office workers and store clerks, both men and women, have been armed and sent out to join the loyal army forces against the rebels under General Francisco Franco, who is aided by a powerful squadron of aeroplanes piloted, according to Sir Percival Phillips, war correspondent, by crack Italian and German fliers using Italian and German planes of the newest army types.

On the left is seen an interested group of recruits receiving instruction in the use of the rifle at Guadamarra, mountain region north of Madrid,



before going into battle; one of them is carrying an extra pair of boots around his neck.

On the right Loyalist troops are shown as snapped by the cameraman as they charged up a hill to wipe out a rebel machine gun nest. Note that many of them are without uniforms. Only a few days before the picture was taken they were in civil occupations in Madrid, when the call for volunteers to save Spain from Fascist dictatorship was issued by the Government. They defeated the trained troops of the rebel army in important battles.

Loyal Troops Take Cover



Loyal Spanish militia are shown above taking cover behind a garden wall on the outskirts of San Sebastian, port on the Bay of Biscay, in defence of the town against assault by 12,000 Fascist troops. On this day, after heavy shelling, the Fascist attackers were repulsed. San Sebastian fell into rebel hands in the first stages of the rebellion, was recaptured by the Loyalists, and has since been subjected to continuous bombardment from the land, air, and more recently from the sea. Its fate is in doubt as this issue goes to press.

Sawfly Destroying Canadian Forests



While forest fires in Eastern and Western Canada have caused losses running into many millions of dollars of Canada's natural wealth, a more insidious enemy is at work in forests of the Gaspé country, Quebec. The picture illustrates the ravages of the European spruce sawfly, which springs from a source as yet unknown to the experts. So serious has this invasion become that according to Government surveys about 52 per cent of the white spruce in the Gaspé area is dead, 28 per cent is practically certain to die, and 20 per cent might recover if the attacks are stopped. Canada's spruce trees are estimated to total 511,000,000 cords of wood, variously valued up to \$17,885,000,000.